THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO.,
43, Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY 1.
Tele: 25760.

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 183 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

IMPORTANT

Doctors, Medical Consultants & Assistants are hereby drawn regarding the supply of Electro Medical & Diathermic apparatu manufactured and supplied by Birtcher Corporation of America

Apply to their

Sole Agent & Representative
RUSTOMJI NOWROJI BAPASOLA
62, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

Roosevelt Puts Brake On Aerial Aggression

Mahatma's Mission Transcends India's Freedom

Azad Clarifies A. I. C. C. Resolution On Defence And Non-Violence

A CLEAR ENUNCIATION OF THE PRINCIPLE AND POLICY OF THE CONGRESS VIS-A-VIS THE QUESTION OF NON-VIOLENCE, AS EMERGING OUT OF THE RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE ALL INDIA CONGRESS COMMITTEE AT POONA, IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE BEEN GIVEN BY MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD AT A MEETING OF CONGRESS WORKERS AND SATYAGRAHIS, HELD AT JINNAH HALL ON WEDNESDAY EVENING.

About three hundred persons were present.

The meeting was not open to the public and the press.

MAHATMA'S DEMAND

It is understood, however, that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, welcomed the President and garlanded him, after which the President addressed the meeting for nearly an hour.

It is reported that he regretted very much that the issue of violence and non-violence had been raised at this particular time.

It was only on account of Gandhiji that the Congress had to make a declaration in this respect. Gandhiji was a great idealist wedded to complete non-violence. He had been pressing the Congress Working Committee even before Ramgarh to make its position clear about non-violence. He did not want that violence or armed resistance be used in any case whatsoever. Although they admired the Mahatma very much, the Working Committee did not want to follow him blindly. He himself insisted that they should use their independent judgment and arrive at a definite policy.

Proceeding the Maulana Saheb is understood to have explained that the Congress was a political organisation, pledged to the achievement of independence for India. This meant that they should firstly wrest power and secondly that they should hold this power in order to administer the country in the best interests of the masses. In doing so could they confidently say that they would be able to maintain order within the State and meet any possible aggression from outside without the use of arms and with perfect non-violence? Gandhiji would, no doubt, face his enemy without arms. But considering the human material they had to handle and the stage of civilisation of the world, the Working Committee could not say that they could eschew the use of all forms of violence for all times. Of course, it was a rather hypothetical question, but Gandhiji, whose life-mission was the propagation of the creed of non-violence wanted the Working Committee to make their position clear, particularly after he had issued his noble appeal to Britain to lay down arms and fight in a non-violent manner. Therefore, the Congress had adopted the two resolutions at Poona.

MISUNDERSTANDING CLEARED.

The Maulana Saheb is then understood to have referred to certain misunderstandings that have become current. Firstly, it was generally said that the Congress had thrown non-violence overboard. This was not correct. The Congress was still pledged to complete non-violence as far as the achievement of India's freedom was concerned. It was also pledged to encourage the spread of the non-violent method of settling every dispute, local or international. The only thing it had done was to say that it could not give an undertaking not to resort

(Continued on page 5 Col. 5)

NO QUARTER TO ENEMY

Ships To Be Seized: New Phase Of British Economic Warfare

LONDON, July 31.

An order-in-council implementing the new phase of economic warfare announced yesterday by Dr. Dalton was issued to-day and comes into force at mid-night.

It provides that any vessel 'enroute' to or from any port through which goods might reach or come from enemy territory will be liable to seizure unless it carries valid Navicerts.

Navicert In Operation

Further details of the system announced in Parliament yesterday of issuing warrants to non-British shipping companies were given in London to-day.

In future it will be necessary for every non-British shipping company to enter an undertaking always to employ Navicerts. Any company, which does not do so, will not receive world-wide services such as bunkering facilities and insurance, which only Britain can offer. Ships of offending lines entering British ports may find great difficulty in obtaining even water apart from other supplies.

The object of the warrant system is to deter neutral shipping from trying to enter blockade running business.—Reuter.

No Harm To Spanish Interests

MADRID, July 31.

The announcement of the extension of British blockade receives little publicity in the Spanish Press, but observers here consider that the fact that no unfavourable comment has appeared may be regarded as indicating that the authorities recognise that the new measures are in no way intended to harm legitimate Spanish interests.—Reuter.

Supervising Trans-Atlantic Flights

LONDON, July 31.

It is learned in London that the task of supervising trans-Atlantic flights of American bombers to Britain has been entrusted to the Imperial Airways Pilot Capt. A. S. Wilcockson. It is reported he is due to arrive in Canada to-day.—Reuter.

Maj.-Gen. Harvey A Prisoner Of War

LONDON, July 31.

It is announced to-day that Major General G A D Harvey, who was missing since May 23 is a prisoner of war. Maj. Gen. Harvey was Deputy Director of Medical Services, Western Command, India.—Reuter.

U.S. Govt. Bans Aviation Petrol Export Abroad

American Air Companies Exempted

Record-Breaking Expenditure For Two-Ocean Navy: Stimson Stresses Urgency Of Conscription

LONDON, July 31.

A report has been received that President Roosevelt has issued an order prohibiting the export of aviation petrol to all places outside the Western Hemisphere.

WASHINGTON TAKES ACTION

A Washington message says:—

The Government have banned the export of aviation petrol to all nations except those of the Western Hemisphere.

American aviation firms outside the Western Hemisphere, however, will still continue to obtain petrol.

ORIGIN OF MOVE

Mr. Stephen Early, Roosevelt's Secretary told the press that Col. Maxwell, Export Control Administrator, had recommended the step and the President had approved of it. Mr. Early said he did not know whether the United States had been exporting petrol to Britain. By allowing American-owned companies to continue to obtain petrol, the Administration will co-operate with such firms as Pan-American Airways, which operates to Portugal and along various Pacific routes.—

HUGE BUDGET FOR TWO-OCEAN NAVY

The House Appropriations Committee has recommended an expenditure for "two-ocean navy" and equipping army of two million men.

The new expenditure totals approximately 5,000 million dollars and brings appropriations and contract authorisations by the present session of the Congress for army and navy to the record-breaking total of over 10,000 million dollars.

The Committee, recommended approval of Budget Bureau's request for 14,394 planes of various types, of which 4,028 will be for the navy. This would give the navy about 6,000 serviceable planes.

Heading For Conscription

Mr. Stimson told the House Military Committee that "the only way to meet the war situation" was by compulsory military training.

System of voluntary enlistments, he said, had been "a costly failure

No Time For Delay

Testifying before the Appropriations Sub-committee Gen. Marshal described the immediate mobilisation of National Guard and compulsory training as imperative and added: "If our estimate of the situation is at all correct, we have not even got time to debate compulsory service. We have got to do something of that sort immediately."

Age Of Compulsion

The Senate Military Committee to-day amended the Burke—Wadsworth Compulsory Military Training Bill to require registration only of men aged 21 to 31 instead of 18 to 64. This would reduce the number liable for registration to 12 million.

Reaction In Britain

LONDON, July 31.

The United States' ban on the export of aviation spirit outside the Western Hemisphere is regarded in authoritative circles in London as a natural step in the American Policy of ensuring her preparedness to meet aggression, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent. It is well recognised here that the conservation of adequate supplies of certain vital commodities is a necessary feature of defensive preparations. So far as the effect on Britain is concerned, it is pointed out in industrial circles, that part of Great Britain's strength so far as oil supplies are concerned lies in the fact that she is able to import oil from all quarters of the globe.—Reuter.

PETAIN FALLS OUT WITH HITLER?

VICHY, July 31.

The Havas Agency announces that all postal, telegraphic and telephonic communication with the occupied zone of France is provisionally forbidden from to-day.—Reuter.

President Roosevelt Puts Brake On Aerial Aggression.

AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR DEFENCE OF BRITISH HOMES

NEW YORK, July 31.

The well-known Naturalist, Charles Cutting announced the formation of an "American Committee for the Defence of British Homes".

Mr. Cutting calls every American to forward privately owned pistols, revolver ammunition, rifles, shotguns and binoculars to England for Home Defence volunteers, "who can help to make the defeat of an invasion a reality, if they have the necessary arms and ammunition."

More Britons Under Arrest

Japanese Release Businessman And Lawyer

TOKYO, July 31.

Two of those recently arrested in Japan have been released by the Japanese police. They are: Mr. Holder, the President of the British Association, Kobe, and Mr. F. M. Jones, a lawyer of Kobe.

More people have, it is learnt, been taken into custody. All of them are Britons.

It is confirmed in London that two of the arrested Britons in Japan have been released. As another has been arrested there are now twelve under arrest.

The latest arrest in Japan is of Mr. Ely, Managing Director of the Rising Sun Petroleum Company.—Reuter.

COX'S REMAINS CREMATED

LONDON, July 31.

Two hundred people thronged the small British Church of St. Andrew for the funeral of Mr. Cox, Reuter's Correspondent in Japan.

Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador, Lady Craigie, the American Ambassador and his wife, the Polish Ambassador, Counsellor of the French Embassy, the Netherlands Minister and Secretary of the Belgian Embassy, Mr. Furono, President of the Domei News Agency and members of the Staff were present as also representatives of leading Japanese newspapers. All foreign correspondents in Tokyo were present except German and Italian.

The remains were cremated and the ashes will be sent to England.

LONDON PAPERS SUGGEST REPRISALS

The Domei Agency reports that a foreign doctor has been allowed to examine the body of Mr. M. J. Cox, "Reuter's" correspondent at Tokio, but the doctor's report has not been made public.

The morning newspapers of London insist on the fullest investigation. Several of them suggest reprisals.—Reuter.

RAJAJI SEES MAHATMA

WARDHAGANJ, July 31.

Doctor Prafulla Ghosh interviewed Mahatma Gandhi. He is leaving for Calcutta to-morrow morning.

Mr. Rajagopalachari's interview with Mahatma Gandhi lasted for about three hours. After their return from Sewagram, Mr. Rajagopalachari and Dr. Prafulla Ghosh were closeted with Dr. Rajendra Prasad, who is confined to bed.—A. P.

German Raider In South Atlantic

Engagement With British Merchantman Cripples Nazi Ship's Fighting Efficiency

LONDON, July 31.

An Admiralty Communique states that an engagement has taken place in South Atlantic between the armed British merchant cruiser "Alcantara" and a German raider.

The raider escaped destruction, but it is known to have sustained damage affecting her fighting efficiency.

Br. Merchantman Engages Raider

Immediately on sighting the raider, "Alcantara", a fast-converted merchant ship, mounting four guns on each broadside, engaged.

On being hit, the enemy at once turned away making use of smoke floats, but she was chased by "Alcantara" until a lucky shot reduced the latter's speed, thus enabling the raider to escape.

The damage sustained by "Alcantara" is slight. British casualties amounted to two killed and seven wounded. Search for the raider is proceeding".—Reuter.

Enemy Planes Drop Bombs On Wales

LONDON, July 31.

Except over Wales there was little air activity last night.

Even there, where enemy bombers returned several times bombs fell into open areas.

Ministers of Air and Home Security announce "Enemy aircraft dropped a few bombs in south-east and south-west England and South Wales last night.

Reports indicate that little damage was done.—Reuter.

BOMBS DROPPED NEAR NORTH-WESTERN COASTAL TOWN

LONDON, July 31.

A lone raider dropped a number of bombs near a north-western coastal town during the night. There was slight damage but there were no casualties. One bomb fell on golf links a few yards from the Clubhouse.—Reuter.

GERMAN AIRCRAFT ON SOUTH-EAST COAST

LONDON, July 31.

German aircraft once more attacked shipping on south-east coast of England this morning. Fishers went up but the result of the action is not yet known.—Reuter.

BRITISH ATTACK ON GREEK OIL SHIP

LONDON, July 31.

An Admiralty 'Communique' says: "The Commander-in-Chief in the Mediterranean has reported that the Greek tanker, "Hermione", under charter to the Italian Government and carrying 300 tons of petrol and 200 tons of lubricating oil for Italian forces in the Dodecanese Isles, was intercepted in the Aegean Sea by British Naval Forces last Sunday evening.

Soon after the character of the ship and the contraband nature of her cargo had been established, a heavy Italian air attack on our forces developed. The Commander of our forces was accordingly compelled to sink the "Hermione" by gunfire after the Captain and the crew had been removed.—Reuter.

Britons In Unoccupied France

LONDON, July 31.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Butler stated that His Majesty's Government were doing everything possible to arrange for early return of British subjects still in unoccupied France, who wished to return to England.

"The Vichy Government are, however, unlikely to respond to the request for the return to this country of refugees attached to French units", Mr. Butler added.

In the House of Commons replying to further questions on repatriation problems, Mr. Butler stated that with the exception of certain persons, whom it was necessary to detain for the time being, French citizens wishing to leave the United Kingdom, received the same facilities as the nationals of neutral States.

He was satisfied that there were facilities for British subjects to return to United Kingdom from France and for French subjects there to return to France.

DUFF-COOPER HECKLED.

Giving reasons for withholding news of the bombing and sinking of "Lancastria", Mr. Duff-Cooper, Minister for Information, said that the ship was engaged in military operation and it was evident from German wireless announcements that the enemy were totally unaware of the identity of the ship, which had been sunk. Further it was contrary to the general policy of the Government to announce the loss of individual merchant ships.

The number and total tonnage of merchant ships lost were given in the weekly statement. The tonnage of "Lancastria" was included in the statement issued on July 2. "This policy is well-known and I cannot understand why on this occasion bewilderment should have been caused in Liverpool and shipping circles", Mr. Duff-Cooper added.

Mr. Granville (Liberal National) pointed out that the story of heroism connected with "Lancastria" was known on Merseyside two or three days after the ship was sunk. News was given on the German wireless and appeared in the New York "Sun" and it was not until five weeks later that it was referred to in the B. B. C. news bulletin. Mr. Granville added there was considerable anxiety in the public mind about this delay.

Mr. Duff-Cooper replying said there were many stories of heroism connected with the evacuation from Dunkirk and this was one, which he regretted did not get the full publicity it deserved. The Minister added he was sure the relatives of those lost were informed as soon as their identity was established.

SINKING OF SUBMARINES.

Mr. Alexander told the House of Commons that he could not agree to give information about Italian or German submarines that had been captured, sunk or damaged. This silence prevented enemy from discovering how these things happened and from gauging the efficiency of British anti-submarine methods. Such knowledge would be invaluable to the enemy.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete werds.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE". If repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Deccani Brahmin of 27, having monthly salary of Rs. 175/- desires suitable girl for marriage, write particulars, Box No. 13492, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—6 Gujrathi Clerks and Typists on 25/- 20/- and Managers on 100—250, apply: Federal Co., 31, Forbes St. (13496)

Wanted qualified and experienced Superintendent of Police in mofussil. Apply stating age, qualifications previous experience and minimum salary expected to Box No. 3079, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a B.T. or B.A.B.Sc. knowing Marathi and Kanarese for the teacher's posts in the Municipal Secondary Middle School, Kaliyal. Applications must reach the undersigned by the 8th August, 1940 with their testimonials, if any. (Sd.) A. P. Desai, President, Municipality Kaliyal, Dist. N. Kanara. (3080)

Wanted applications from matriculates for the course of Stationmaster, Asst. Stationmaster and Signaller, Rs. 30/- as scholarship and Railway fare Terms. Nonmatrics can also apply for the lower posts. Apply with 2 annas stamps to the Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (13439)

Wanted A Forest Officer on a pay of Rs. 175-5-200—10/2 250/- p.m. with permanent travelling allowance of Rs. 20/- p. m. and free furnished quarters. The post is permanent and pensionable. Knowledge of Gujarati necessary. The selected candidate will have to join immediately. Only fully trained and qualified persons should apply stating (1) Age, (2) Caste, (3) Qualifications giving dates of passing the examination, (4) Place of residence and (5) previous experience with copies of testimonials etc. to the Chhota Udepur State Service Bureau, Chhotaudepur. (3054)

Wanted Gujarati knowing Muslim Science Graduates also Matriculated Teachers Trained preferred outstation. Apply Box No. 13487, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted, Few Managers, Clerks on Rs. 60/- and 40/- for our new offices establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply The General Business Emporium (India) Delhi. (13485)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders from Presses in the Bombay City or Suburbs for printing and supplying the G. I. P. Railway half yearly Time Table and Guide. Tender form can be obtained from this office on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 8th August, 1940 at 3 P.M. (S.T.). (3017)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. DATTATRAYA RAGHUNATH MANTRI and PANDURANG RAGHUNATH MANTRI, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our Office at No. 14 K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land known as plot No. 10 of the pension and tax tenure together with the messuage hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate, lying and being near the Portuguese Church at Dadar, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 514 sq. yds., or thereabouts together with the area of the portion of the passage marked C shown on the plan in dotted lines more particularly delineated on the plan annexed to the Conveyance, dated the 12th May, 1906 and marked A and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 461, 631 and 520, New No. 2/4374, Old Survey No. 380, New Survey No. 3/1467 bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1493 of the Lower Parel Division and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the plot of land belonging to Bhairav Yesso Haldankar, on or towards the West by the property belonging to Dewji Raghoji Kangutkar, on or towards the South by the Kumbharwada Lane and on or towards the North by the property of Amarchand Gangji and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 3186 (2) and 3186 (2A) and Street Nos. 13 and 650 AA.

Dated this 30th day of July 1940.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(3075)

62. TO BE LET

To Let in Nanabhai Lane, immediately adjoining Hornby Road, vacant shops, Godowns, and flats for offices, telephones, very attractive rents, alterations for suitable rents, apply Bam 31, Wodehouse Road, Fort. (13494)

245. ASTROLOGERS.

Wonderful Foretelling with amazing accuracy. Over 1,00,000 clients. Testimonials highest. One year future and Character Reading Re. 1. 5 years Rs. 2-8. State birth details or writing time. Pioneer Astrological Bureau, Vizianagram City, B.N. (13458)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis treated radically. External application reduces size and pain at once. No operation. Many sufferers benefited. Rs. 2. Kaviraj Shastri, Kanchrapara, Bengal. (13453)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,
Bombay, the 12th July, 1940.

The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India will be held at the Local Head Office of the Bank, Apollo Street, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 19th August, 1940, at 4 P. M. (Standard Time) for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive the Central Board's Report, the Balance Sheet of the Bank made up to the 30th June, 1940, and the Report of the Auditors.
2. To elect three Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

W. LAMOND,
Managing Director.
(3066)

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTYSEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Temple Bar Building, 70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 6th September, 1940, at 1 P.M. (S. T.), (1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 29th February, 1940. (2) To declare a dividend. (3) To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election, and (4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 22nd day of August, 1940 to the 6th day of September, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 26th July, 1940.

N.B.—The Dividend, when declared, will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after WEDNESDAY, the 11th September, 1940, between 12 Noon and 3 P.M. on week days, other than Saturdays, and between 12 Noon and 1-30 P.M. on Saturdays, to Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on the 21st August, 1940.

3067

Public Notices

NOTICE.

PRESIDENCY LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 1177 on the life of Mr. Yashwant Mahadec Kuste, a duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

Managing Agents,
GOR & CO.
Bombay, 29th July, 1940.
(3078)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RUSTOM KHODADAD IRANI, of Bombay Irani Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person or persons having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Bombay Municipality within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:—

ALL that piece or parcel of lease-hold land being Plot Nos. 9 and 10 of Hornby Road to Ballard Pier Scheme, with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situated at Cawasji Patel Street, within the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, admeasuring 691 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 9010-9016, Cadastral Survey No. 1861 of Fort Division, and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward Nos. 1456(1), 1456(2), 1455, 1454, 1453, 1452, 1451, 1450 and 1707 Street Nos. 59, 57, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69 and 32 and bounded as follows i.e. on the East by Plot No. 11, on the West Cawasji Patel Street, on the North by twenty feet passage and on the South by Ghoga Street.

Dated this 31st day of July 1940.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3077

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY

RATE CIRCULARS.

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz., Foreign Rate Circular No. 4 of 1940, is being issued To-day.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or stations.
(3065)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of DIVAKAR VISHNU PHADKE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, an employee of the Imperial Bank of India and residing at the time of his demise at Girgaon, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

BAI BHAGIRTHIBAI, widow of Divakar Vishnu Phadke, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Ratilal Mansion, Parekh Street, Girgaum, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 12th day of July in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Forty and in the fourth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

The 12th day of July, 1940.
Messrs. D. G. DESAI & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
(3068)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

In Insolvency

NOTICE OF DECLARATION OF DIVIDEND.

The Official Assignee of Bombay has declared a dividend in the following estates as per particulars mentioned below. The dividend will be paid on and after 5th August, 1940, to those creditors who have proved their claims. The dividend warrants will be posted to addresses of the creditors as appearing in the records of this office.

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of the insolvent.	Dividend declared	Rate of dividend declared in the Rupee. as. ps.
1	268 of 1936	Mohanlal Lakhmidas (Personal)	First	1—9
2	332 of 1937	Bhaskar Ramchandra Hardikar.	"	0—6
3	478 of 1937	Pragji Meghji Parmar.	"	0—2
4	559 of 1937	William Arthur Larman.	"	0—2
5	20 of 1938	Tansukhlal Ratanlal traded as Oriental Silk Stores.	"	0—9
6	99 of 1938	Cajetan Francis Pinero	"	1—2
7	169 of 1938	Dattatraya Ramchandra Tikekar.	"	0—4
8	200 of 1938	Maneklal Devchand Sha.	"	0—8
9	215 of 1938	Harold Vivian Armstrong	"	0-11
10	259 of 1938	Horatio Burns.	"	0—4
11	261 of 1938	Shamrao Vishwanath Jayakar.	"	1—3
12	282 of 1938	George Eugene Elliot.	"	1—9
13	309 of 1938	Ralph George Biem.	"	0--2½
14	198 of 1937	Dwarkanath Mahadeo Patwardhan.	First & Fin	0—3
15	283 of 1938	George Hardinge Stoke.	"	0-10
16	713 of 1935	Ignatius Manuel Rodrigues alias Ignatius Rodrigues alias I. M. Rodrigues.	Second	5—3
17	776 of 1935	Francis Agniar.	"	0—1½
18	89 of 1936	Ligorio Mendonca.	"	0—4
19	123 of 1936	Judah Samuel	"	0—9
20	137 of 1936	Nellapally Parasurama Narain Iyer.	"	0—3
21	180 of 1936	Edward Frederick Lewis.	"	0—1¼
22	199 of 1936	Sitaram Laxman Iyer.	"	0—9
23	292 of 1936	Kaikhushru Cawasji Contractor.	"	0—1½
24	316 of 1936	Anthony Xavier Azevedo.	"	0—6
25	794 of 1936	Nusserwanji Byramji Motiwala.	"	0—5¼
26	285 of 1937	Dayalal Bhagwandas Kundlawala	"	0—4
27	326 of 1937	Mahomed Umer Usman.	Second & final	0—3
28	24 of 1938	Simon Bruck traded as F. Cornaglia & Co.	"	0—3
29	669 of 1934	Thomas Alexander Rowe.	Third	0—6
30	866 of 1931	Charles Suptle.	Fourth	1—3
31	77 of 1938	Ralph O'Neil.	Preferential distribution	16—0
32	268 of 1938	Peermahomed Esmail Khoja.	"	12—0
33	407 of 1938	Jayawant Sheshgiri Wagle.	"	16—0

Bombay, dated this 30th day of July, 1940.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
(3076)

SHOW US ANOTHER PICTURE YOU LIKE!
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
"WOMAN"
Starring:
SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
TODAY AT
PATHE
3-30, 6-30 & 10-0 p. m.

NOTICE
TO ACCOMMODATE INCREASING CROWDS
SPECIAL EXTRA SHOW
ON SAT., SUNDAY & HOLIDAYS
DURING AUGUST
MATINEE AT 1 P.M.

TO-DAY
at
1 P.M.
SPECIAL SHOW
For LADIES only
AT
ROXY
HINDUSTAN'S
Family Film
SAUBHAGYA
OTHER SHOWS
Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45 p. m.

THE SELF-IMPOSED AUSTERITY
How Long Can it Last?
FIND the ANSWER in
NAVYUG'S Brilliant Social
LAPANDAV
(Hide & Seek)
Starring:
MEENAXEE, VANMALA, WINAYAK, & BABURAO PENDHARKAR
Follow The Crowds at
NEW WEST-END
Daily: 4, 7 and 9-45 p. m.

MASSES & CLASSES
Equally Rejoice
IN
WITNESSING
PRABHAT'S
OUTSTANDING PHOTOPLAY
प्रभात चित्र
DNYANESHWAR
Directed by:
DAMLE & FATEHLAL
Starring:
YESHWANT, SHAHU MODAK and SUMATI GUPTE
11TH WEEK
AT CENTRAL
MARATHI: 4, 7 P.M.
HINDI: 9-45 P.M.

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TO-DAY:
TROPIC HOLIDAY
with DOROTHY LAMOUR
TO-MORROW
"SPAWN OF THE NORTH"
with DOROTHY LAMOUR
AKIM TOMIROFF

T. B. CLINIC FOR CITY

Ruia Donates Rs. 40,000

The Bombay Municipality has been offered a donation of Rs. 40,000 by the Bombay Provincial Anti-Tuberculosis Association for establishing an anti-tuberculosis clinic in the city on the following conditions:—

That the clinic will be located near the K. E. M. Hospital or in its compound so that students of the Seth G. S. Medical College may get necessary facilities for the study of tuberculosis and its treatment.

That the clinic will be named after the father of the donor, Mr. Ramnivas Ramnarain Ruia, who has offered a sum of Rs. 40,000 to the King Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund.

That the Municipality will bear the capital cost of the clinic over and above the sum of Rs. 40,000.

That the clinic will be maintained by the Municipality and facilities will be provided for the training of students from the Seth G. S. Medical College in tuberculosis.

That the management of the clinic will be vested in the Municipality.

The Municipal Commissioner has selected a site on the Supari Baug Estate near the K. E. M. Hospital for the construction of the building which will cost Rs. 79,790. In addition to this, X-Ray plant will cost about Rs. 22,000. The total cost of the clinic with land and equipment will amount to Rs. 1,14,912. Out of this sum Rs. 40,000 has been offered as donation.

GRANT FOR DELHI INDUSTRIAL HOME

CALCUTTA, July 29.

The Executive Committee of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh, at its meeting held in Birla Park has decided to enrol a whole-time Lady Harijan Sevika, as an experimental measure, in Gujarat. The Committee has received the sum of Rs. 5,000 donated through Mahatma Gandhi, in memory of the late Sumitra Devi Birla, which it resolved to utilise for awarding scholarships to Harijan girls.

The Committee decided to take charge of the property offered by Swami Gurubrahamanand Seva-Ashram of Coimbatore, worth about Rs. 15,000 for Harijan work.

It accepted the suggestion of Sreemati Rameswari Nehru that the Sangh should take active part in securing civil rights for Harijans and in redressing their grievances.

The Committee also sanctioned an amount of Rs. 14,000 in the budget for the Harijan Industrial Home, Delhi, and a sum of Rs. 66,980 for the Central Office of the Sangh for the year ending September 30, 1941.—A. P.

EXTENSION GRANTED TO DEPUTY POLITICAL AGENT

(Froum Our Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, (By Mail.)

Mr. Harilal D. Rawal, Deputy Political Agent in the Eastern Kathiawar Agency, has been given extension of his office for four months, from 28th August 1940, when he attains age of 55 years.

GREY HAIR
GULIYAN'S HAIR DYE TREE BRAND
TO DYE ONCE A MONTH ONLY 4 hours to ladies with long hair,—no staining of skin,—no smell—makes hair beautiful, black, soft, glossy. Dye penetrates through the roots, stimulates natural pigment—dyed hair not affected by sea or other baths—does not produce headaches, swelling of face, cold—stiffness of Jaws. Rs. Nine per dozen. V. P. extra. TWENTY GULIYANS STORES, PANCHGANI, via POONA Or in Bombay from:—Kemp & Co., Monji Visram, Juma Masjid.—Akbarally, Phiroshah Mehta Road, Fort.—Perry Co., Grant Road.—Oomrigar Co., Crawford Market.—Agents Wanted everywhere.

A MIRACLE for PILES
Here is the quick-acting scientific treatment for Piles! Within a few days it will end your misery and enable you to enjoy life to the full. Sample tube sent free on receipt of 2 as. postage.
Castopheric Mfg. Co. P.O.B. 88, Karachi.
PILICON PILE OINTMENT

GONORRHOEA CURED
OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE: Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 9 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m. only.
Visit Personally.
SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.), Sandhurst Road, Opp. Central Bank, Bombay 4.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

LAST DAY!

TOMORROW!
ALL COMEDY WEEK!
bringing back to you the longest—most ambitious—and funniest Laurel and Hardy comedy ever made!

STAN LAUREL
OLIVER HARDY
In Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
"THE DEVIL'S BROTHER"
(From the famous Comic Opera "Fra Diavalo")

They steal a million laughs in this musical comedy romance!

EXTRA!
PETE SMITH SPECIALTY
OUR GANG COMEDY
ROBERT BENCHLEY NOVELTY

TO-DAY LAST DAY!
REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
BORIS KARLOFF in BELA LUGOSI
BLACK FRIDAY
From TO-MORROW
Bing CROSBY in GLORIA JEAN
If I Had My Way
A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 13, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 26, 1359
Parsi: Aspandarmad 1, 1309
Highide: 10-29; 21-58
Lowtide: 3-34; 16-31
Sunrise: 6h. 15m.
Sunset: 7h. 14m.

FRIDAY: August 2:
"Haj Committee": 5-30 p.m. at Port Haj Committee Office.

RAMTIRTH YOGASHRAM
Public lecture on "Importance of Yoga" by Yogiraj Umeshchandraji to-day (Thursday) at 8 p.m. (S.T.) in Seksaria Building, near Prarthana Samaj.

PROPERTY OWNERS' ASSOCIATION
The annual general meeting of the above Association will be held to-day (Thursday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the hall of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Lalji Naranji Memorial Building, near Churchgate Station.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL
Members of the Council are invited to attend A. R. P. lectures arranged by the National Indian Association at Electric House, Ormiston Road, on Thursday mornings from 11 o'clock till 12 o'clock, beginning to-day (Thursday) and going on for five lectures. There is no charge.

ARRESTS UNDER DEFENCE OF INDIA ACT
In the names published in our Wednesday's issue (City Edition) of those arrested in Bombay under the Defence of India Act, there was mentioned one name as "Shantilal Shah". This is a mistake. The correct name is Kantilal Shah.

PROPERTY TAX
A public meeting of the property owners of Khar will be held to-day (Thursday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at the C. K. P. Hall, Linking Rd., Khar, to consider what steps should be taken for the abolition of the Urban immovable property tax or the modification thereof in view of the change in the Prohibition Policy of Government.

SHREE RAJASTHAN BALIKA VIDYALAYA BANASTHALI
A correspondent writes:—
"The first batch of the Rajasthan Balika Vidyalaya, Banasthali, for the Ratan (Proficiency in Hindi) Examination of the Punjab University that had appeared this year has achieved brilliant success. Out of the six candidates four have secured First Class and the other two have obtained Second Division"

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS
The Governor of Bombay attended by Mr. J. R. Irwin, Secretary to the Governor and Captain R. St. P. J. Bennett, Aide-de-Camp returned to Bombay from Surat on Tuesday.
Mr. L. Wilson and Mr. R. M. Staig lunched at Government House on Wednesday.
The Governor of Bombay consecrated the 'Morning Star' Lodge and dined with the members of the Lodge on Wednesday.

KASHMIR CRAFTS SALE
A clearance sale of Kashmir crafts will be held at the Home Industries Depot, Dhunraj Mahal, Apollo Bander, from the 1st to the 8th August from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Bargain hunters will find it a very good opportunity of buying articles on display at decidedly reduced prices. Household articles jewellery pieces in beautifully carved walnut in simple as well as elaborately engraved designs will be sold at less than half price.
All patrons of home industries are cordially invited to attend the sale at the Depot.

Amusements Of The Day

MAJESTIC—"Anuradha" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Tropic Holiday" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Black Friday". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Northwest Passage." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Til We Meet Again". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Too Many Husbands". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Aj-Ki-Dunia". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Lapandav". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi". Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Civil Marriage." Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

NO WATER SCARCITY FOR BOMBAY

Fear Dispelled By Heavy Showers

The heavy showers of rain of the past few days have dispelled the fear of water scarcity for the next year. The Tansa Lake which is the chief source of supply of water to the city had 32,263 million gallons of water during the week-ending 27th July. The total capacity of this lake is 35,604 million gallons.

It is hoped that ere long the Tansa Lake will be overflowing. The Tulsi Lake is also overflowing since 19th July. The Vehar Lake is not yet full. Its total capacity is 9,120 million gallons and till the end of last week it had only 4,298 million gallons water.

Reception To Congress President

To-day (Thursday) the Congress President will be presented with an address and purse by the Brokers and staff Union of Shri Mahajan Association at the Trading Hall of the Mahajan Association, Patwa Chawl, Sheikh Memon Street, at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

Kalyan Tilak Day Programme

(From A Correspondent).
KALYAN: (By Mail).

Under the auspices of the Kalyan City Congress Committee a procession will be taken out on August 1st (to-day) at 6 a.m. in connection with Lokamanya Tilak's 21st death anniversary and a public meeting will also be held the same night in the Municipal Hall.

IN 'A' WARD
Cycle procession of the 'A' Ward Volunteers, National Volunteers and others is starting from the 'A' Ward Committee office at 7-30 a.m.
All Volunteers and others are requested to be present in full uniform on.

AT SANTA CRUZ
Under the auspices of the Santa Cruz Taluka Congress Committee, Santa Cruz Prohibition Propaganda Committee and others, a public meeting will be held at Vimlanand Copikar Hall, Saraswat Colony, Santa Cruz, to celebrate the anniversary day of Lokamanya Tilak and to condemn the Government Prohibition Policy to-day (Thursday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) Sjt. Purshottam Kanji will preside and Mr. Shantilal H. Shah will speak.

AT KHAR
Under the joint auspices of Khar Taluka Congress Committee and Khar Prohibition Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday) at 9 p.m. at Laxminagar Hall, 10th Road, Khar, to protest against the present Government policy regarding Prohibition.

VILE PARLE PROGRAMME
7-30 a.m. Flag Salutation. 7-45 a.m. Citizens' meeting to celebrate the Tilak anniversary and Prohibition Day. Sjt. Mangaldas Pakwasa, President, Bombay Legislative Council, will address. 2 p.m. to 3-30 p.m. Group spinning by ladies of Vile Parle. All ladies are requested to be present with their Takilies or Charkhas.
All functions at Tilak Mandir.

BY MARWADI STUDENTS' UNION
Public meeting at Marwari Vidyalaya Hall (Sandhurst Rd.) at 2 p.m. (S.T.) Mr. Umashankar Dixit will preside.

AT CHINCHPOKLI
Under the auspices of the Lokamanya Seva Mandal, the 20th anniversary of the late Lokamanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak will be celebrated to-day (Thursday) at Samaj Seva Sangha, Chinchpokli, at 8 p.m. when Dr. S. D. Mujumdar will preside.

AT GHATKOPAR
Mass spinning, Prabhat Feri, Flag Salutation and a public meeting at 8-10 a.m. at Congress Chhavni, when Mr. D. N. Vandrekar, M.L.A., will speak.
A resolution protesting against the present policy of the Bombay Government in regard to Prohibition will be passed at the meeting.

AT SHARADA MANDIR
Under the auspices of Sharda Mandir High School for Girls, the death anniversary of the late Lokmanya Tilak will be celebrated to-day (Thursday) at 2-30 p.m. in the school hall under the presidentship of Mrs. Annapurnabai Deshmukh.

LOKAMANYA TILAK ANNIVERSARY AT DADAR
Under the auspices of the Dadar Ward Congress Committee a public meeting will be held in Vanmali Hall to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. to celebrate Lokamanya Tilak anniversary. Mr. I. S. Patel will preside and Mr. S. K. Patil, M.L.A., Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mr. V. B. Karnik and others will address the meeting.

Jawaharlal Addresses Aundh Peasants

KIRLOSKARWADI (Aundh), July 31.
Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, accompanied by Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Shrimati Mridulaben Sarabhai and party, arrived here with Prince Appasaheb. They were accorded warm reception at half a dozen villages on the way, and a largely attended meeting was held at Kundal.
Addressing a meeting of about 10,000 here, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that the only two burning questions of the day were freedom and the removal of poverty from the country, which consisted mostly of villages populated by the Kisans and labourers. The solution, he pointed out, lay in the Congress programme for the masses.
While speaking about the States, Pandit Nehru referred to the Aundh experiment of responsible Government. He also stressed the need of mass education. The speaker then explained the objective of the All-India States' People's Conference and exhorted the State subjects to organise under its banner.
On the subject of industrialisation, Pandit Jawaharlal observed that India needed more industrial centres. He laid special stress on the upliftment of women, without which the country's progress was impossible.
Prince Appasaheb thanked Pandit Nehru and others for undertaking the tour.—United Press.

High Court

DT. COURT'S ORDER SET ASIDE

Judgment In Land Dispute: Extraordinary Powers Of Appellate Court

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodew.)
Tukaram G. More—Appellant (Original Plaintiff.)
vs.
Messrs. Vardichand Ratanji & Co., and others—Resoondents (Original Defendants.)

The Plaintiff sued for a declaration that the suit lands were not liable to sale in execution of the decree obtained by Defendants No. 1 who were money-lenders against Defendants Nos. 3 to 5 as they were of his ownership and possession and to recover costs of the suit. The Subordinate Judge of Chiplun who tried the suit in the first instance decreed it with costs, but the decree was reversed in appeal by the District Judge of Ratnagiri. A second appeal was filed against the decision of the District Judge but it was summarily dismissed by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Sen under Order 41 Rule 11 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure on 8th December 1937. Against this decision the present appeal was filed under the Letters Patent of the High Court.

DEFENCE CONTENTION
The only Defendant who contested the suit was Defendant No. 2 who was the father of Defendants 3 to 5 and the uncle of the Plaintiff. He contended that the Plaintiff had no right to these lands which were his self-acquired property bought 40 years ago. Defendants 3 and 4 supported their father Defendant No. 2. Defendant No. 4 who is also the son of Defendant No. 2 did not file his Written Statement and remained absent throughout the trial though duly served with the summons. Defendant No. 4 alone then appealed to the District Court to which appeal Defendant No. 2 was not a party.
At the hearing before their lordships Defendants 3 to 5 were brought on record as the heirs of Defendant No. 2 who had died in the meantime.
Counsel for the Appellant contended that the District Court should not have entertained an appeal by Defendant No. 4 who had not even filed his Written Statement and therefore must be deemed to have admitted the averments in the Plaint (38 Bom. L. R. 577) under Order 8 Rule 5 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and secondly that the order of the District Court was erroneous because it was virtually in favour of Defendant No. 2 who had not filed an appeal against the decree of the trial Court.
Counsel for the Originat Defendant No. 4 contended that under Order 41 Rule 33 of the Code of Civil Procedure a Court of Appeal did have power to make an Order in favour of a party who may not have filed any appeal before it. He further argued that now that the original Defendant No. 2 had died, under Order 22 Rule 4 (2) was in any event open for his client as the legal representative to adopt the defence raised by the deceasd.

JUDGMENT
Their Lordships allowed the appeal on the ground that the powers of an Appellate Court under Order 41 Rule 33 to make an order in favour of a party who had not appealed were in the nature of extraordinary powers which must be specifically exercised if they were intended to be invoked and in the present case the District Judge had not done so. Their Lordships were further of the opinion that it was not open for the original Defendant No. 4 to adopt the defence of his deceased father that the suit lands were his separate property, for no sooner the original Defendant No. 4 did that, he would be out of Court as having no interest in them. The Appeal was therefore allowed with costs throughout and the order of the District Court set aside.
Mr. P. A. Mahale with Mr G. S. Talpade appeared for the Appellant.
Mr. Y. V. Dixit appeared for Defendant No. 4.
Mr. L. G. Khare appeared for Defendant No. 5.

INDIAN 'VARSITIES OBLIGE

Agree To Recognise Term Put In England By Indian Students

SIMLA, July 31.
It is announced, that in order to meet the needs of those Indian students at present studying in England, who wish to return to India, with a view to pursuing their studies in this country, all the Indian Universities have agreed to recognise the period spent by them at the English universities for the purpose of completing their degree courses. They have accordingly amended or are taking steps to amend their regulations on the subject.—A. P.

Around The Courts

BOMBAY, Wednesday.
Vithal Gunaji and Krishna Heroji, two police constables attached to the Princess Street Police Station, who were arrested yesterday evening under orders from the Deputy Commissioner of Police (Crime) in connection with the escape of four under-trial prisoners from one of the cells of the lock-up, were placed to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court.
The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 100 each.

Editor Of "Inquilab" Fined For Defamation

Abdul Hussein Jalisgar, editor, printer and publisher of "Inquilab", a Gujarati Weekly, was found guilty to-day on two charges of defamation by the Chief Presidency Magistrate and sentenced to pay an aggregate fine of Rs. 500.
The complainant, Fazle Hussein Akbarally Siamwalla, an assistant in an importing firm, charged the accused with having defamed him in certain issues of "Inquilab".

DROWNED IN SEA AT MARINE DRIVE
The City Coroner recorded a verdict of death by asphyxiation due to accidental drowning in the sea at New Marine Drive at the inquest, to-day, on the body of an unidentified Hindu male (35) whose body was washed ashore by a huge wave and was seen by a policeman on duty on Tuesday.

CHARGE OF ASSAULT.
Arrested on a charge of assault one Hirji Bhagwan, a sweeper, was produced before Mr. G. A. Sabnis at the Dadar Police Court to-day.
The accused was allowed bail till August 14.

FELL INTO CAULDRON OF HOT WATER
Gopal Narhar (20), an employee in the Phoenix Chemical Works at Kurla, who was detained in the K. E. M. Hospital for treatment of burns sustained in a fall into a cauldron of hot water on Tuesday, died in the hospital this morning.

FOR BREACH OF LIGHTING RULES
Kondiba Aba Khanelkar, a tobacco shop-keeper was convicted and sentenced under Lighting Regulations to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 15 or in default one week's rigorous imprisonment at the Dadar Police Court on July 31.

ALLEGED THEFT
Vaziruddin Peerbux a servant in the employ of Mr. Jinnah, was arrested by the Maharbouri Police, yesterday at Bori Bundar Railway Station on a charge of theft of a wrist watch.

CHIEF ENGINEER OF CENTRAL P. W. D.
SIMLA, July 30.
It is learned that Sardar Bahadur Teja Singh Malik assumed charge of the Chief Engineership of Central P. W. D., relieving Mr. F. T. Jones, who becomes the Consulting Engineer with the Government of India from to-day.—A. P.

Telephone No. 23028

BRYLCREEM
THE PERFECT HAIR DRESSING
TO BE IN FACTORY-SEALED BOTTLES

A NEW cap has been devised for Brylcreem bottles and jars enabling them to be sealed at the factory. This sealing protects you against substitution. The new type cap is to be introduced gradually. Some time will elapse before it is in exclusive use. In the meantime both caps are genuine and authorised. Brylcreem is the dressing *you* need to control your hair and keep it healthy. Buy a bottle today.

Safety cap which is to be gradually introduced

When your district begins to receive supplies of the new-type bottles and jars, see that the metal cap is unbroken. Then you can be sure that you are getting:—

BRYLCREEM—The Perfect Hair Dressing

C.X.31

1940—Eves' Pointer To 1940—Adams!

MODERN EVE
Demands
The Right of
SELF-DETERMINATION
To Choose Her
MARRIAGE
PARTNER!
Is Her
DEMAND
JUST?

'ROYAL' Jewel No. 13.

STUDY The Versatile Screen-Genius
Maya Banerjee
In CIRCO'S New UNIVERSITY CLASSIC of Both Sexes!
"ANURADHA"
Directed by: MOHAN SINHA of 'LAXMI' Fame
Story by: SHAYADA of 'SADHANA' Fame
ENTERTAINING ILLUMINATING Tale of To-day's
'VARSITY BOYS AND GIRLS!
GALA SOCIAL PREMIERE TO-DAY
At 1-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC Cinema GIRGAON
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

FACTS ABOUT 'ASPRO' THAT YOU SHOULD KNOW at once—

Dengue Fever is about. You can stop it at once with 'ASPRO'

Last year the Dengue (Breakbone) Fever Epidemic in Egypt sold two million 'ASPRO' tablets in three weeks. It acts quickly and smashes up the fever. It Banishes the aches and pains like magic. If you take 'ASPRO' at the inception it is possible to stop the fever developing. Make sure you get 'ASPRO' today.

Beware of loose impure medicinal tablets. The market is full of imitations and substitutes.

LOOSE PACKED INFERIOR ASPIRIN TABLETS ARE DANGEROUS

'ASPRO' is hygienically packed in 'Sealtite' packing, untouched by human hands throughout manufacture.

The consumer gets 'ASPRO' fresh and pure.—Loose Tablets deteriorate and may become dangerous. They develop Hydrolosis.—'ASPRO' in 'Sealtite' pack keeps pure and fresh for years. It cannot deteriorate. You get 3 tablets for 1 anna,—the greatest healing, pain-stopping, fever-reducing value ever offered.

'ASPRO' IS 12 MEDICINES IN ONE. IT STOPS PAINS IN 5 MINUTES

Because after ingestion in the system it is an antipyretic—fever reducer—an internal antiseptic—a germ destroyer—a solvent of Uric Acid—an antifermentative and an antiperiodic. That's why it attacks the CAUSE of most complaints and has the value of 12 MEDICINES IN ONE. In the past it has taken 12 medicines to do what 'ASPRO' alone does today. Buy 'ASPRO' and prove it yourself.

'Aspro' Does Not Harm the Heart or Stomach

Another great fact about 'ASPRO' is that it is so safe that a child can take it according to directions. 'ASPRO' helps all from child to parent. It protects you against infection, attacks diseases and stamps them out.
'ASPRO' is the quickest-acting pain stopper and fever reducer produced by Medical Science. It has the largest sales of any Medicine in the world. 'ASPRO' is at your service NOW.

WHAT 'ASPRO' DOES

Stops HEADACHES in 5 minutes.
Relieves RHEUMATISM in one night.
Reduces FEVER in few minutes.
Stops TOOTHACHE and NEURALGIA at once.
Soothes AWAY ACHES and PAINS.
Brings SWEET SLEEP to the sleepless.
Soothes AWAY IRRITABILITY.
Stops WOMAN'S Pains.
As a Gargle it Dispels SORE THROATS.
Breaks up COLDS and INFLUENZA.
Quickest Remover of DENGUE FEVER.
Gets rid of EPIDEMIC COMPLAINTS.

REMEMBER LOOSE TABLETS DETERIORATE AND ARE OFTEN DANGEROUS.
INSIST ON 'ASPRO' 'SEALTITE' PACKED TABLETS.
EVERY 'ASPRO' TABLET IS BRANDED 'ASPRO'.

This is the De Luxe packet of 30 Tablets for 10 Annas. 'Sealtite' Packed.

'ASPRO' is obtainable everywhere. It cost 'ASPRO' Ltd. £50,000 to protect your health with the Hygienic 'SEALTITE' Pack

Sold Everywhere

PRICES: BUY A 3-TABLET 'ASPRO' PACKET FOR As. 1 AND GET WELL TODAY
3 Tablets 'Sealtite' Packed As. 1
30 Tablets 'Sealtite' Packed As. 10

Distributors:
J. L. MORISON, SON & JONES (India) Ltd.
P.O. Box 258, Universal Building, Sir Phirozesha Mehta Road, BOMBAY
('Phone 30558) and Branches.
6-2.

Telephone No. 22037
Post Box 322.
Telegrams: "Chronicle."
Registered No. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1940.

SETTLEMENT OR CONFLICT?

The opponents of the Congress have already started magnifying the differences in the Congress regarding the policy of non-violence and its attitude towards war policy in general, the suggestion being that the British Government should not accept the terms of a body which is divided against itself. But it will be well for those who desire cordial relations between India and Britain to note that the differences in the Congress with regard to non-violence refer to a future contingency and that in so far as they have any immediate bearing, say, in consequence of an immediate settlement between the Congress and Britain, they are a great help rather than a hindrance to war effort. If the Congress is immediately of one mind with regard to non-violence either by adhering to non-violence in all spheres or by giving it up completely, it will hardly be a change that Britain can relish any way. As regards the differences on war policy in general there are doubtless some in the Congress who would have nothing to do with the war quite apart from the question of non-violence. Britain should be grateful that Congress did not accept their view.

Danger Of Delay

There is still one more question on which there are different views in the Congress. A growing number of persons feel that Congress has waited far too long for a response from Britain to its offer repeated month after month and that it is time this passive waiting ceased. When even the opponents of the Congress complained that it was only marking time, the sting went home and Congressmen came very near giving a united ultimatum to Britain. But somehow they divided on the issue and decided to give Britain one more opportunity to make a settlement. If Britain ignores even this opportunity on the assumption that the Congress is divided through and through and can be safely ignored, it will not be long when all Congressmen are one in intensifying the struggle for independence. In his interview with pressmen on Wednesday the Congress President emphasized the view that Congress would not keep its offer to Britain open for an indefinite period and that, if Britain did not accept the offer, a conflict was bound to arise. Naturally, he could not say precisely when the conflict would arise and what form it would take. The next meeting of the Working Committee may have to consider this question seriously.

Communal Settlement

What delays decisive action most is that the communal position in the country is not what it ought to be. The widening rift between the Congress and the Muslim League is unfortunate. Yet, as Maulana Abul Kalam Azad points out, it will not do to ignore the League or any other important body in effecting a settlement. His view is that the Congress should have a clear-cut policy on the subject and should follow it conscientiously and all those who are prepared to come to terms with the Congress will always be welcome, provided they make the approach in the right spirit. Mr. Asaf Ali, who along with the Maulana is making strenuous efforts to bring about a communal settlement, is optimistic enough to feel that with the assistance of all Nationalist Muslim organisations the Board of the Azad Muslim Conference will soon be able to formulate definite proposals for a settlement All nationalists will wish the Board every success; but, as things are, it will have to make tremendous efforts to succeed. It will however, be sustained by the thought that once the Hindu-Muslim question is solved, India's independence must follow almost automatically.

Balkan Situation

"The situation in the Balkans", says a Bucharest message, "appears to have passed the phase of negotiations". But it seems to have returned to its usual phase of confusion. The Hungarians and the Bulgarians have become more insistent in their claims upon Rumania, while the latter appears to be determined to resist them. That is, obviously, why the copies of the *Corriere della Sera* were suppressed in Bucharest. But why did this important Italian newspaper advise Rumania to settle with Bulgaria whose claims were inspired by Soviet Russia? For, concession to Bulgaria means extension of Russia's influence.

Here arises a more interesting question. The *Corriere della Sera*, says the report, "added that Russia was supporting Bulgaria in this claim, because Rumanian policy was pro-German and the Soviet wished to eliminate Italo-German influence in the Balkans". This revelation of conflict between the Soviet and the Axis Powers is an interesting confirmation of the opinion of certain observers. And this revelation of Russian "designs" has, moreover, been publicly made by an Axis paper. It seems as if the Diplomatic correspondent of the London *Daily Herald* was right.

States And Reforms

The position of the States' people's struggle for responsible government has for some time past been most unsatisfactory and their workers did well to organize a Convention at Poona after the A. I. C. C. meeting to devise effective steps to quicken the pace towards their ideal. Their main difficulty is that the political conditions in the States differ so widely that it is not possible to prescribe a common detailed programme of work and agitation for all the States. But, as the main resolution of the Convention suggests, it is desirable for the workers of all the States to strengthen their respective organisations and "to establish closer contact with the people of their respective States through a carefully planned constructive programme, which will emphasise khadi in textiles, swadeshi on other articles, and mass literacy and political education of the masses through peaceful propaganda of the issues involved."

So far as effective action is concerned, the convention would not "hold back the people of any State who feel confident of their strength to take more advanced steps" but warned all generally that a sustained struggle for freedom demanded better preparation than was evident so far. In several States communalism has caused a rift among workers and where the Ruler belongs to a community which is a minority in the State many of that community even oppose the demand for responsible government. And communal differences in the Provinces are fast spreading to the States. Political workers, therefore, both in the Provinces and and the States must make special efforts to maintain communal harmony.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Need For Military Training

To The Editor of "The Ch ronicle"

Sir,—It is imperative that some real War effort should be made immediately to fit this city for the task of participating in the war in support of Britain.

The Government of India intend to call up for military service all European British subjects to start with, and then later all other British subjects may become liable for military service.

It behoves every citizen in this country to contribute towards the prosecution of the war in some fashion, and it is my belief that the pressing need at the moment is to train all ablebodied men, of whatever caste or creed, in some form of military service. Not next month, next year or the year after, but now.

I suggest that the military authorities in Bombay detail instructors to be at the public service to impart instructions in various military subjects. There are any number of playing fields and grounds in every part of this city which can be used for a few hours every morning and evening and classes can be thrown open to the public to attend for instruction in marching, arms drill, automatic arms, gas instruction, care and maintenance of lorries, and various other subjects taught in the modern army.

A roll of sorts can be maintained by the authorities recording adaptability of individual and this will be a great help in posting individuals to various branches of the army when wholesale conscription is really necessary.

This scheme will not cost Government anything, and I am sure there will be a good response from the public, as there are many who are asking themselves to-day what they can do towards the successful prosecution of the war.

The great thing to remember is that preliminary training of this sort will make any future intensive training less arduous.

I know there will be lots of arguments brought forward against this proposition and I gave my answer to a few which will most likely arise.

1. There must be no question of compulsion, as I am sure a voluntary scheme will appeal more to the public. Any such thing as being bound by A.F.(I) rules will not be welcome.

2. There will be many who will say that unless individuals attend regularly it will be impossible for Instructors to advance in teaching their subject. I suggest that to overcome this difficulty, instruction be taught in groups lettered in stages, so that a new man will automatically attend A group or groups until he has assimilated all he requires to know before passing on to B, C, D, etc. group or groups.

3. Another way of making this scheme popular will be to cause no distinction between castes and creeds in each class. There must never be such a thing as a class of Europeans and another for Indians. The sooner we forget such things the better. However, it is to be understood that Indians of inferior education cannot be expected to assimilate instruction with more advanced students. For these a separate group or groups may be formed.

4. The co-operation of employers can be sought to make appeals to their employees to attend these classes.

There will be many other points for and against such a scheme which can only be discussed by the public in the papers.

Let me mention that it is imperative that distrust must be removed once and for all in this country. If India is to obtain Dominion Status and maintain her own army in the future and also be considered an equal partner in the British Commonwealth of Nations, it is Britain's duty to make India capable of performing this task, and there can be no greater opportunity than at this time, so that India will emerge after this war as a companion in arms of Britain having shared the same disasters and triumphs.—Yours etc.,

HENRY T. NISSEN

Who Was The Father?

By JAL R. VIMADALAL

Queen Elizabeth, daughter of Henry VIII, had the shadow of illegitimacy cast upon her by her own father. Henry had at one time a passion for Elizabeth's mother, Anne Boleyn, whom he actually married. But that passion was transitory and soon gave way to an insatiate hatred which did not even stop short of branding her with adultery. In the eyes of her sister Mary, too, Elizabeth was but an illegitimate child. If, however, the Tudors had lived in India of to-day our law would have made the question of parentage perfectly plain. The law in India is that a person is conclusively presumed to be the legitimate child of its parents if he or she was born either during the subsistence of a valid marriage, or within 280 days after its dissolution by death or divorce—the mother remaining unmarried in the latter case. When pushed to its logical extreme this rule may lead to rather awkward results—a child born the next day after marriage will be conclusively presumed to be the legitimate offspring of that marriage! Thus in a case that occurred in Madras, a woman was married in September, 1903; that marriage was dissolved in May 1904; she remarried another in June 1904; a son was born to her in September 1904. A suit was filed by the son to recover the properties of the second husband of his mother. as the legitimate son of that man. The suit was successful, irrespective of the probable date of his conception and solely on the ground that he was born during the continuance of the second marriage.

Two questions will at once suggest themselves to the reader's mind. What would be the position if the husband is proved to have ever been impotent? Our Indian Act does not make allowance even for impotency to rebut the presumption it contains. Such proof would be allowed by English law. The second difficulty that would suggest itself to the more imaginative of our readers would be—what would be the position if due, say, to a flood or some such other unfortunate calamity occurring immediately after the performance of the marriage ceremony, the married couple have to flee and get separated and do not meet for a whole year and a child is born in that period? The answer is that our Act does make a solitary exception in such cases. If it can be proved that the parties to the marriage had no access to each other at the probable date of conception then the statutory presumption of legitimacy, which is otherwise irre-

(Continued on Page 6 Col. 7.)

Our Readers' Views

The Aga Khan

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The news that His Highness the Aga Khan is in distress as a refugee in Switzerland must have disturbed the peace of India's mind, and every Indian must be anxious for the safe return of His Highness and his family. As the spiritual head of the Khoja community, the Aga Khan wields great influence over his followers in different parts of the world and holds a unique position in the international politics. He has shared, in full, the fruits of the Briton's prosperity and he is now their partner in adversity. I am sure that both the Government of India and the British Government will do their best to relieve the Aga Khan from his troubles and to secure his release from Switzerland. The Neutral countries like America and Turkey can be approached to intervene on behalf of His Highness. Switzerland is after all a Neutral Country and some arrangements should possibly be made to send money to His Highness.—Yours, etc.

(Sir) MOHAMMAD YAKUB.

Moradabad, July 28.

The Motor Industry

To the Editor of the "Chronicle".

Sir,—Looking from the latest news from Europe and concentrating the chief factors in the matter of motor industry in specially both the continents of America and Europe, I have no doubt that it is undesirable for India to remain a customer of 'white' countries for the complete supplies of her civil and private motor cars—and their accessories on a big scale—while the war lasts.

As early as 1928-1929, the largest number of motors imported had been 19567 which temporarily changed for the worse to 14434 in 1934-1935. But later on the number of motors imported in 1935-1936 had increased on purchasing support. A repodt had pointed out a marked and continuous rising tendency in the import number of foreign motors. It had been pointed out in it that the largest number of motors imported during the period under review, swelled up to 6744 from the U. K. only as against the number which stood to 6001 in 1932-1933. but the latter included import from the United States and elsewhere.

To my mind it appears important that we should realize now the need for automobile production and should back up the recent enterprise of no less important a person than Mr. Valchand Hirachand, who, I presume owes his knowledge of motor building to the Tatas. With all these ideas in view, experts in motor labour should decide at once to build light-weight motor cars in India for our own industrial gain.

The leading industrial concerns in India like th Tat can probably turn out substaintial quantities of chassis, provided of course no limitations are imposed by regulations. The absence of high power motor engines in India, if any, should be of course filled up by ordering out the manufactured parts from the United States and elsewhere. It is possible for us to have a rapid industrial advance in this direction and to raise the standard of our country to the undefective satisfaction of one and all who is eagerly waiting to watch th's new development with the best results as early as possible.

It would be a grand thing for us to form the pool of motor manufacturers and allot each of its members a specific quota of production [illegible] difficulty would be in parting with our manufactures and developing our export trade. However, I presume, it will all come right in the end if we are able to turn out motor cars at a lower price than war-time prices.—Yours, etc.,

RUSI B. MISTRY.

Dhondy's Case

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is really gratifying to find that the student community in England have taken up the cause on behalf of the Indian student Mr. Rustom Dhondy, and have raised a timely appeal to the authorities.

The sentence came as a great shock and surprise to several of his Indian friends in India, because they know him to be a well disciplined, well behaved and above all a loyal student; even after the declaration of War. he had made speeches in his Students' Union in England publicly condemning Hitler and wishing success to the British; those who are on corresponding terms with him, will even testify, that his letters, since the War, contain similar loyal sentiments.

In a recent statement Mr. Chur-

(Continued on page 6 Col. 5)

Frankly Speaking

Britain's Need

While an attempt by Herr Hitler to carry out a large scale assault upon Britain cannot possibly be ruled out, it is quite likely that the next phase of the Anglo-German struggle may, as some Americans suggest, be mainly constituted of a war of blockades. Both sides are trying to starve the other; Germany through her air force and torpedo boats and Britain through her Navy. Dr. Dalton has announced an interesting programme of the extension of the British blockade and of the "navicerts" system. The U. S. A. can help the British blockade by declaring the whole of Europe out of bounds for American ships. But the main task of making the blockade a success still devolves upon the Navy. And it is, also, the Navy which has to fight Germany's second principal weapon of counter-blockade, the "E" and the "U" boats. The British Navy is sufficiently strong, but it needs—and immediately—reinforcements for effective work in the new phase of the war. This need lends importance to the agitation in America to assist Britain with Torpedo boats and old Destroyers. If the Administration agrees, it will have done a great service to Britain.

Nazi Troop Movements

The representative of the Columbia Broadcasting system broadcasts from France the sensational report of a "dusk to dawn" movement of German troops towards the French coast from the south-west as far north as the Belgian channel ports. This movement which has gone on for days was allowed to be witnessed by American war correspondents during their ten days' tour of occupied France. As we have said, the possibility of an attempt to invade Britain cannot be ruled out But these movements seem to us to be in the nature of a bluff intended to act as another strain upon British nerves. If they were seriously meant, they would have been kept a secret whereas the Germans seem to have deliberately let the correspondents know about them. Moreover, it is difficult to imagine Herr Hitler launching his *blitzkrieg* against Britain when the situation in the Balkans is so uncertain. Perhaps, the whole manoeuvre may be designed to camouflage action elsewhere, say, against Gibraltar.

Problem Of Aboriginals

Mr. Verrier Elwyn, in a recent speech in Bombay, made an eloquent plea for maintaining the integrity of tribal life and for ameliorating the lot of the Aboriginals. It would be a mistake to call the Indian aboriginal tribes an uncivilised people, though they are living under primitive conditions in most parts of India. Mr. Elwyn, who has dedicated his life to their uplift, observed that their primary need was a system of administration which understood their genius and answered their needs. It is gratifying to note that more and more social workers are interesting themselves in this task. Recently an association called the Adivasi Seva Mandal was formed to serve the aboriginals in the Thana District, who form 33 per cent of its population. The hardships and privations those people have to bear are well-known and there would be no better object for charity and service than the reclamation of those tribes into the body politic.

Paper Research Centre

The Paper Research and Training Centre of Poona, inaugurated by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on Tuesday, is a promising institution which will benefit all Indians engaged in the hand-made paper industry. This industry, as the Pandit remarked, has a future in the country, and the truth of this view is endorsed by the success the industry has achieved during the last few years. Research in it has already effected considerable improvement in the quality of the paper and the new Poona Institute may be trusted to suggest methods of further improvement The Institute has been established by the All-India Village Industries' Association and has received a building grant of Rs. 18,000 from the Government of Bombay, who have also sanctioned a recurring grant of Rs. 10,000 for three years. We hope the grant will be renewed if fouund necessary.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

"Ribbentrop seems to be working out a scheme for creation of a "League of Free Nations" with headquarters at Luxemburg and including countries under German domination.

"One aim of the new League will be to regulate relations between countries "freed from British domination"."

—News 'tem.

* * * *

Apropos of "Daughter of Ind" we congratulate Mr. Fyzee Rahmin on creating, and Attya Begam Sahiba on producing, that wonderful work of—er—Art.

It was a great achievement.

And we are glad it is over.

* * * *

We wish Doctor Moonje threw some light on the antecedents of the All-India Hindu League.

Eh, what? You wish some light to be thrown on Doctor Moonje, sorry, it's a little difficult.

* * * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS.
(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague.)

(1) The Council of the All-India Muslim League will now meet to congratulate the gallant men who harassed Desh Sevikas in Maulana Azad's procession.

(2) The League of Nation's headquarters in Geneva are to be evacuated as they are said to be haunted and the derelict spirit of Wilson has been seen walking along the corridors at night.

* * * *

Hyderabad Raises Half of World's Castor Crop.

—Headline.

Sh—sh—Il Duce will begin to cast covetous eyes on Hyderabad.

* * * *

Detailing the fresh measures in connection with British Contraband Control, Dr. Dalton told the Commons that they would greatly benefit honest neutral trade.

Trade is neither honest nor neutral.

* * * *

The Japanese are a polite race and never interfere with a foreign journalist who wishes to commit suicide, says a confrere.

What is more, they very considerately keep the manner of his end a secret.

* * * *

Sheer modesty, it appears, forbids M. Petain to appear before the special court set up "to establish responsibility for the collapse of France."

So anxious, indeed, is M. Petain to avoid the glare of such publicity that he insists that the trial of Premiers before such a court shall not be a precedent for the future.

* * * *

"Hungarian opinion is rapidly shifting the proposed Frontier eastward until it now includes the greater part of Transylvania"

—Budapest Report.

By the time the Hungaro-Rumanian negotiations begin Hungarian opinion, would, let us hope, have shifted the proposed frontier to include the whole of Transylvania and some more.

* * * *

The film director was making 'the greatest-ever' thriller of his life and working very hard to get action into it.

Finally, he turned from the brink of the cliff, mopped his brow, and glanced at a dummy made of straw and old clothes lying on the ground beside him.

'Good heavens!' he shouted. 'Who was it we threw over the cliff?'

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Any man who says "I don't care" is either a liar or a fool.

A society bud hopes that she will never be a wallflower.

It's a question which are worse, shortcomings or long stayings.

Egotists think that they are the real thing and all others are counter-felts.

A restaurant patron says that you will not be well fed unless the waiter is well feed

The more worthless a man is the more interesting he seems to be to some women.

Great Movement Of German Troops

Tremendous Mass Moving Towards French Channel Coast

NEW YORK, July 31.

A Great movement of German troops towards the French Channel Coast was witnessed by a party of war correspondents, who have just completed a ten-day tour of German-occupied France, according to Mr. Edwin Hartridge, representative of the Columbia Broadcasting System.

In a broadcast from France Mr. Edwin Hartridge said that it was "a dusk to dawn" movement that had been in progress for days. The Germans were moving in a tremendous mass towards the French coast from south-west as far north as the Belgian Channel ports.

The correspondents were warned by their German military guides not to mention in which direction the troops were moving. The correspondents were given the impression that the Germans were delaying any attempt to rebuild French devastated areas until the avowed purpose of invading England was completed.

Russia Wants Elimination Of Italo-German Influence In Balkans

MOSCOW SUPPORTS BULGARIAN DEMANDS ON RUMANIA

BUCHAREST, July 31.

The situation in the Balkans appears to have passed the phase of negotiations.

The Italian correspondent of the "Bukarester Tageblatt" says that the Axis Powers "confined themselves to giving friendly advice and are vigilantly watching to see that no outside power interferes in south east Europe for the purpose of maintaining the existing quarrels."

Interesting sidelight on the situation was the confiscation in Bucharest yesterday of the Italian newspaper "Corriere Della Sera."

The paper contained an article advising Rumania to reach an understanding with Bulgarians who, it was said, were demanding territory in Dobruja as far as Mangalia, and even Constanza.

Pro-German Policy Resented

It added that Russia was supporting Bulgaria in this claim because Rumanian policy was pro-German and the Soviet wished to eliminate Italo-German influence in the Balkans.

The Rumanian press generally hails with satisfaction the results of the Salzburg and Rome talks as outlined in the Rumanian Government communique and emphasises the importance of the role preserved for Rumania in reorganisation of south-east Europe under Axis supervision.

The Berlin correspondent of the Government paper "Romania" reports that German official circles consider it very important that Franco-British interests should be removed from south-east Europe. Expulsions from Rumania of French technicians and alleged saboteurs is welcomed as evidence of this movement.

Rumanian Cabinet In Session

The Rumanian Cabinet met in the afternoon and has been in session for five hours. It is rumoured that a Government reshuffle is imminent.

Negotiations Over Transylvania To Begin Shortly

BUDAPEST, July 31.

Negotiations between Hungary and Rumania on Transylvania are expected to begin during the next fortnight at the Frontier Town of Arad according to the Hungarian Government newspaper "Magyarorsag."

A semi-official statement issued by the Rumanian News Agency says the Council of Ministers heard a detailed statement from the Prime Minister M. Gigurtu and the Foreign Minister of the conversations with Hitler and Mussolini and afterwards discussed measures following the reorientation of national policy.—Reuter.

Latvian Ex-Ministers Outlawed As Traitors

RIGA, July 31.

It is announced that M. Bilmanis, the Latvian Minister in United States and M. Zarino, the Latvian Minister in London both of whom have been dismissed by the new Latvian Government have been deprived of their nationality and outlawed as traitors.—Reuter.

Natives Resent French Capitulation

LONDON, July 30.

General De Gaulle speaking in the B. B. C.'s French service tonight said that one of the first results of the Armistice terms accepted by the Petain Government would be disaffection and probably revolt of the natives of the French Empire

He declared: "These people true to France, confident in France and respectful to France view with indignation this capitulation of the Empire without fighting."

General De Gaulle concluded: "Since it is obvious that men who are saving their skins at Vichy are subservient tools of the enemy's wishes, I affirm in the name of France that the Empire must not submit to their disastrous orders."—Reuter.

SUPREME COURT TO TRY FRENCH EX-MINISTERS

VICHY, July 31.

The Council of Ministers gave their final sanction to the text of the law establishing a Supreme Court which will judge ex-Ministers and others accused of having committed offences in exercise of their functions or having failed in their duty.—Reuter.

WHY ABDUL GAFFAR KHAN RESIGNED

PESHAWAR, July 31.

Writing for the first time since his resignation from the Congress Working Committee in his paper "Pushtoon", Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan explains to Pathan readers why he tendered his resignation.

He says: "From the Delhi resolution and the subsequent explanations of it by the Congress President and Mr. Rajagopalachariar in the press, it is clear that the Congress has decided to give up the clean path of non-violence and has adopted instead the unclean path of violence. In other words, if the British accept the terms of Congress, then the Congress will whole-heartedly join the war on their side and render them all manner of help. The path selected by the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress is not the path of the Khudai Khidmatgars.

"In fact, it runs counter to our principles and beliefs. Ours is the path of peace and love and not of war and hate. We have no quarrels. We are to serve humanity, irrespective of race and country. It is not our principle to kill others, but to sacrifice our own lives. This is why, I have resigned from the Congress Working Committee. I did not see any good for my people in the course selected. I am firmly convinced that the good of my people is linked up with non-violence. This has made Pathans braver and more courageous and has removed cowardice and fear from their hearts, which existed before the advent of the Khudai Khidmatgar movement. This reformation is not a a hidden fact and it is my firm belief that by strict adherence to the principles of Khudai Khidmatgar movement, Pathans can set their ruined house in order.

"Therefore, I appeal to all Khudai Khidmatgars to think and reflect calmly on all that I have said; if they agree with me, well and good. If not, it is best for them to make way for true Khudai Khidmatgars and give them an opportunity to serve their people and country."—A. P.

12 'Reds' Arrested

Removed To Arthur Road Jail; May Be Interned In Yeravda

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Twelve persons were arrested in yesterday's round-up of the Communists of Bombay under the Defence of India Ordinance.

The names of the arrested persons are: Messrs. B. G. Bhandarkar, P. B. Donde, J. S. Mahimkar, P. B. Vaid, R. B. Raman, N. L. Upadhyaya, T. J. Godiwala, Kantilal J. Shah, C. G. Shah, K. B. Parulekar, K. M. Karandikar, and M. V. Phadke. Some of the arrested persons are students.

The arrests are a sequel to the house-searches and the seizing of Communist literature sometime back when some Communists were arrested.

The prisoners who were lodged in the Esplanade lock-up were removed to Arthur Road Jail from where it is expected they will be taken to Yeravda and kept under detention.

Udham Singh Executed

LONDON, July 31.

Udham Singh was executed at 09-00 (B.S.T.) to-day.—Reuter.

WINDSORS FOR AMERICA

NEW YORK, July 31.

Officials of the American Export Line stated that the Duke and Duchess of Windsor booked their passage in the United States liner "Excalibur" which is due to leave Lisbon on Thursday and arrive in New York on August 9.

DAYLIGHT ATTACKS BY R.A.F.

240 German Aircraft Destroyed In July

LONDON, July 31.

An Air Ministry communique states that Air Force bombers carried out daylight attacks throughout yesterday on military objectives in Northern France and Holland. Damage was done to sidings in Ostend, to dispersed aircraft on aerodrome (Uerquedille) near Cherbourg and hangers and other aircraft at Stinglevert and Boulogne. In the course of their reconnaissance and escort duties coastal command aircraft attacked gun emplacements on the Norwegian Coast and a supplyship off Haugesung, north of Stavanger. The naval base of Emden was also attacked. One of our aircraft is missing.

Night operations were curtailed owing to bad weather, but attacks were made on oil refineries in Hamburg, Ruhr and Monheim near Duesseldorf, goodsyard at Soest and aerodromes at Duisburg, Antwerp and Courtrai. No aircraft was lost on these operations.

During the month of July at least 240 German aircraft have been shot down by the Air Force and by ground defences. This must have involved loss to enemy of at least 600 officers and men killed or taken prisoners. Many more enemy aircraft have been put out of action in the air or on ground but the figures given above take account only of aircraft, which are confirmed as having been destroyed.—Reuter.

Jhansi-Saugor Road Closed To Traffic

LUCKNOW, July 31.

The Betwa river at Jhararghat, 24 miles from Jhansi on Jhansi-Saugor Road, is closed to all traffic due to flood.—A. P.

AMERY REVIEWS WAR SITUATION

Help From All Corners Of Empire: Enemy Position Getting Worse

LONDON, July 31.

Speaking at Dudley to-night, Mr. Amery, Secretary of State for India, declared there was not a corner of the Empire, however remote, which had not made its contribution in men, money or effort to the common cause. Men from the outer Empire had already played their part in every theatre of war. At this moment contingents from every Dominion and India were in Britain ready to do their bit in guarding the heart of the Empire and in the background with us in thought and feeling, but not directly engaged in the conflict, stood America. We did not ask her to fight our battle, even if we might think that in a sense it was her battle too. If blood be the price of victory, we were prepared to pay our own way, but we knew that America, if not a belligerent, was something more than a cold disinterested spectator.

HELP FROM INDIA TOO

Stressing that there was not a corner of the Empire, which had not made its contribution in men and money to the common cause Mr. Amery said: "Canada is with us, Australia is with us, South Africa and New Zealand are with us. India too is with us. Despite political differences her people are united in the detestation of Nazi creed. From every quarter, from every community in India there have come the most generous offers of help, while her forces are being increased as rapidly as the provision of modern equipment will allow. —Reuter.

AMERICAN JOURNALISTS' APOLOGY

TOKYO, July 31.

Mr. G. R. Morin, Chief Representative in Tokyo of the Associated Press of America was "summoned" by the military police this evening, states the Domei Agency, on the ground that he "sent a series or cables reporting false and groundless news" in connection with the death of Mr. Cox. The agency adds that Mr. Morin was released late to-night after he had given an "apology". Mr. Morin earlier to-day acted as pal-bearer at the funeral of Mr. Cox.—Reuter.

AZAD CLARIFIES A.I.C.C. RESOLUTION

(Continued from page 1.)

to violence under all circumstances.

MAHATMA AND CONGRESS.

The second and more serious misunderstanding that was current was that Gandhiji had gone out the Congress. This was quite incorrect. Gandhiji had made the Congress what it was, Gandhiji was one with the Congress in its object of achieving complete Independence for India.

His help, sympathy and co-operation would always be available to the Congress. Besides the achievement of independence for India Gandhiji had a greater mission to fulfil and that was the spreading of the creed of non-violence. To that task he would devote himself more and more.

The Maulana is understood to have stressed that they would have very much like to postpone consideration of this issue; but that was not to be. It was quite incorrect, however, to say, that these differences of principle, would divide the Congress on the question of India's goal of independence. He wanted them all to fight fissiparous tendencies and try to build up a united and solid organisation.

REDUNDANT.

A suggestion is understood to have been made at the meeting that a Hindu-Muslim board should be set up with a view to work for Hindu-Muslim unity and that on the occasion of the next birthday of Gandhiji, collections should be made for presenting a purse to Gandhiji, to be used for the promotion of Hindu-Muslim unity. The president while welcoming any suggestions for the promotion of Hindu-Muslim unity, is understood to have remarked that Congress was an organisation open to all communities and that it was unnecessary to set up another organisation for the purpose indicated.

Earlier in the evening, Maulana Azad visited the Khadi Bhandar at Kalbadevi.

MADRAS, July 31.

H. E. The Viceroy paid a visit to the Madras Centre of All-India Radio at Egmore this evening at 4-50 accompanied by H. E. the Governor of Madras.—A. P.

Italian Mobilisation In Moyale Area

Arrival Of South African Army Foils Plans Against Kenya

LONDON, July 31.

Strong Italian forces are officially reported to have assembled in the Moyale area. Reuter's Military correspondent writes however that it is very unlikely that the Italians intend to invade Kenya, using Moyale as a base. The place is only one of the many frontier posts, and on the British side, communications could only be maintained across the difficult country where supply convoys would be exposed to air attack. Moreover, the present is the rainy season. It would seem more probable that the Italians are perturbed by the arrival in Kenya of a large self-contained South African army which has already entirely altered the strategic situation as it existed when Moyale was captured.

The South Africans are the advance guard of a much larger army, and have been specially organised to meet the demands of the campaign in East Africa. Further westwards on the 500 mile frontier of Sudan and Abyssinia, British troops have not been idle. Early in July, 3,000 Italian Native troops attacked a small body of the Sudanese King's African Rifles near Kassala, and though the Italians claimed a great success, the actual facts were that the Sudanese rifles-men with the loss of only five men accounted for 500 of the enemy with armoured vehicles and camels. Since then, operations were discontinued owing to rain. Owing to vast distances, co-operation between the scattered British forces has been difficult, but the striking force now provided by the South Africans will become the main concern of an already somewhat unhappy Italian force adds the correspondent.—Reuter.

R. A. F. RAIDS ON TOBRUK & DARNA

CAIRO, July 31.

A communique says, the R.A.F. carried out valuable reconnaissance over Tobruk and Darna.

Eleven enemy aircraft at Darna were observed in an unserviceable condition as the result of a recent raid on that aerodrome. R.A.F. bombers attacked an ammunition dump and other military objectives at Massawa and despite heavy anti-aircraft fire and adverse weather the raid was pressed home successfully.

Direct hits were scored on enemy headquarters and fuel dumps. Enemy fighters intercepted our machines but all returned safely.

Bombers on July 29 attacked Italian naval barracks at Assab. The extent of the damage is not known. One bomber failed to return.—Reuter.

NO DEPARTURE IN SPAIN'S POLICY

LONDON, July 31.

In the House of Commons asked whether diplomatic or other action had been taken "to meet the threat of Gen. Franco's announcement on July 17 that it is Spain's duty to obtain command of Gibraltar and expansion in Africa," Mr. Attlee declared that there had been some misconceptions on Gen. Franco's statement. After a historical reference to Spain's greatness, Gen. Franco went on to refer to the political testament of Queen Isabella, including what he termed the bequest of Gibraltar and vision of Africa. Gen. Franco added that these were questions, which after four centuries, still endured as an eternal obligation.

Mr. Attlee said that full note had been taken of the statement but His Majesty's Government did not regard it as involving a fresh departure in Spanish policy.

Churchill's Surprise Visit To Coastal Defences

LONDON, July 31.

Mr. Churchill to-day paid a surprise visit to northeast England and inspected coastal fortifications and defences.

The Prime Minister motored along the sea front and occasionally got out of his car to inspect sections of the defences. He showed a keen interest and talked earnestly with officers. The workers' wives were gathered at the gates of a shipyard and Mr. Churchill, impressed by the warmth of the welcome, shouted "Are we downhearted" and the women folk responded with a mighty roar "no".—Reuter.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

3% Defence Bonds 1946

The restriction regarding the maximum holding of the 3% Six Year Defence Bonds will be removed with effect from 1st August, 1940. 3% Defence Bonds 1946 will be obtainable on and from that date until further notice. The Issue price will be Rs. 100 with subsequent weekly increases approximating to the net accrued weekly interest. The Bonds will be repaid on the 1st August, 1946 at a premium of one rupee per cent.

CONVERSION TERMS:

5% LOAN 1940-43

will be received in payment of the purchase price of the Bonds at its full maturity value. The interest on the 5% Loan up to 30th September, 1940, will be paid in cash at the time of issue of the new securities.

The Loan Notification and application forms will be available at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places, and at all Government Treasuries.

"COUGH WEATHER"

TONIGHT

Quick changes in temperature cause hacking, racking coughs. They usually become more acute at bedtime... disturb your sleep, make you feel miserable.

You can stop a cough quickly and effectively with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Chamberlain's gives quick relief to inflamed areas, breaks up congestion and clears air passages, permitting you to breathe more freely. Chamberlain's is free from harmful drugs... it is pleasant to take and is suitable for all the family.

Buy Chamberlain's today... to stop that cough tonight.

Z36

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

AVAIABLE AT NORMAL PRICES.

Earthquake In Turkey Kills 300 People

ANKARA, July 31.

Three-hundred people were killed and several hundred others injured in a violent earthquake in the central plateau of Anatolia to-day. Twelve villages were destroyed. The epicentre of the earthquake was Yozgad, but shocks were also felt in Ankara, Istanbul, Erzingan, Tokat, Kayseri, Amasy and other districts. Help is being organised.—Reuter.

NEW YORK COTTON ONE POINT DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940

New York: July 31.

Previous closing	9.40
To-day's opening	9.44
Difference	+4
To-day's closing	9.39
Difference	—1

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August 1940	Rs. 178
Broach April/May 1941	Rs. 196

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940

Liverpool: July 31.

Previous closing	7.21
To-day's opening	7.19
Difference	—2
To-day's closing	7.19
Difference	—2

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: July 31.

New York cotton displayed brighter sentiment, but thereafter increased offerings from outside reduced gains. The trading in October began at 9.44, i. e. 4 points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on scattered trade and local support but thereafter hedging and outside selling appeared with October easing to 9.39.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

July Old (9.38/38) 9.44/44
October (9.24/24) 9.31/31
March (Unquoted) 9.09/09

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS

London: July 31.

Castorseeds July/August (£17 3/4) £17 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£15 5/8) £16 5/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) Unquoted
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£15 5/8) £15 5/8

JUTES

Dundee August (£33½) £33
Lightning August (£30) £30

RUBBER

Spot (12 5/8d buyers) 12 7/8 buyers
Forward October/December (12 3/8d paid and value) 12 3/4d paid and sellers

METALS

Tin (£268 buyers; £268 3/4 sellers. Steadier) £269 buyers; £269 1/4 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: July 31.

Previous closing	3.83 1/4
To-day's opening	3.82

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: July 31.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London: July 31.

T. T. London on Paris not quoted

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: July 31.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 44 3/4) dol 45 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 19 7/8) dol 21
U S Steel Common (dol 53) dol 55 1/2
U S Steel Preference (Unquoted) Unquoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London: July 31.

The following cable was received from London:—

Market quiet and featureless. Business small.

LONDON SILVER

London: July 31.

Spot (22 3/8d) 22 3/8d Nil
Forward (22 1/16d) 22 1/16d Nil

LONDON GOLD

London: July 31.

Gold Bars Fine per Ounce (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: July 31.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1/6) 1/6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0/3 3/4 to 0/4 1/8) 0/3 11/16 to 0/4 1/16
London on Kobe (1/2 9/16 to 1/3 1/16) 1/2 11/16 to 1/3 3/16

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: July 31.

There was no trading during the night session.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: July 31.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: July 31.

The London Stock Exchange was irregular to-day.

INDIAN LOANS

London: July 31.

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 3/4) £72 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 1/4) £100 1/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 5/8) £98 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 3/4) £99 5/8
New War Loan (£100 1/2) £100 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 7/8) £110

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (9-0) 9-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (33-0) 33-0
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (6-4 1/2) 5-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (15-6) 15-6
Imperial Chemicals (24-7 1/2) 24-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (54-7 1/2) 53-1 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£36) £36 1/2
Dundee Rubber (26-10 1/2) 26-9
Unilever Ordinary (19-9) 19 3
Ford Motors (15-1 1/2) 15-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£38) £39
British American Tobacco Ordinary (72-6) 73-1 1/2
Carreas A' (£4 1/8) £4 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (67-3) 69 4 1/2
P and O Def (17-0) 16-4 1/2
Distillers (56-0) 55-6
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (4-0) 3-10 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-6) 26-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (26-1 1/2) 26-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (13-3) 12 10 1/2
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (39-4 1/2) 39-4 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam (13-9) 13-9
Donaro Tea (26-3) 26-3
Empire of India (17-6) 17-6

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-6) 15-3
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (23-6) 23-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-6) 7-6
Rio Tinto (£5 1/2) £5
East Rand Properties (32-6) 33-1 1/2
Rand Mines (£5 3/4) £5 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12) £12
Associated Portland Cement (51-10 1/2) 51-3
Trinidad Leaseholds (57-6) 58-9
Sub Nigel (£7 1/2) £7 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (17-6) 18-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 5/8) £5 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Anglo India (26-3) 28-9
Burma Oil (41-3) 41-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (3-6) 3-6
Shell Transport (31-3) 33-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£28 1/2) £28 1/2
London Midland Ordinary (£12 1/4) £12¼
London North Eastern Def (£1 1/2) £1 3/8
London Southern Def (£10 1/4) £10 1/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£113) £114
London Transport 'C' (£30) £29 1/2

Weather Report

POONA: July 31.

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

STATIONS	Temperatures Maxima	Minima	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Total since June 1	Departure from normal
Chittagong	87	76	0.5	40.3	—2.9
Calcutta	91	81	0.0	18.3	—6.1
Cuttack	89	80	0.7	38.4	+16.7
Ranchi	85	74	0.3	25.2	+0.7
Patna	91	76	6.0	15.7	—4.3
Gorakhpur	90	79	T	12.8	—8.1
Benares	93	78	0.3	14.9	—1.6
Allahabad	95	80	0.4	7.5	.....
Cawnpore	94	76	1.9	7.2	—6.7
Lucknow	90	78	0.1	9.4	—6.5
Jhansi	90	76	1.9	13.8	—2.0
Agra	88	78	0.2	4.6	—6.9
Bareilly	88	77	3.1	24.9	+6.3
Dehra Dun	82	74	0.1	35.8	—0.6
Delhi	86	77	0.8	9.0	—1.5
Ambala	91	78	0.1	17.5	+6.4
Ludhiana	90	79	0.0	13.0	+2.3
Lahore	99	82	T	4.3	—2.8
Sialkot	93	79	1.3	12.6	+2.3
Lyallpur	99	81	0.0	1.3	—2.9
Multan	107	84	0.0	1.9	—0.8
Srinagar	83	65	T	3.9	+0.1
Peshawar	98	81	0.0	1.3	—0.3
Port Sandeman	100	74	0.0	2.9	+0.1
Quetta	93	67	0.0	0.5	.....
Rangoon	85	76	0.5	45.2	+5.7
Khandwa	82	74	0.1	23.1	+9.1
Jubbulpore	83	75	4.9	26.6	+1.7
Nagpur	79	75	0.1	41.8	+19.0
BOMBAY	85	75	1.4	51.0	+8.4
Ratnagiri	80	74	1.4	58.6	—3.2
Ahmednagar	81	72	0.0	11.7	+3.1
Poona	75	72	0.1	8.5	—3.3
Sholapur	87	72	0.0	5.5	—3.5
Hyderabad (Dn.)	88	72	T	10.8	—0.1
Bangalore	83	66	0.0	6.3	—0.8
Mysore	80	67	T	8.3	+2.7
Calicut	85	73	2.8	72.3	+7.9
Madras	97	76	0.1	5.1	—0.8
Shillong	72	63	0.3	26.6	—4.3
Darjeeling	66	57	0.8	52.6	—7.1
Simla	67	59	0.8	22.1	—1.9
Pachmarhi	75	69	0.6	48.8	+15.5
Kodaikanal	64	53	0.4	9.4	+0.3
Colombo	85	78	0.0	11.1	—2.0
Jacobabad	107	84	0.0	0.1	—1.0
Hyderabad (Sd.)	99	82	0.0	1.6	—1.7
Karachi	88	80	0.0	2.5	—1.3
Jaipur	90	74	1.4	9.8	—0.5
Ajmer	82	72	1.6	8.6	—0.3
Deesa	90	77	0.7	10.9	—0.3
Rajkot	88	77	0.0	9.0	—6.2
Ahmedabad	85	77	3.1	8.9	—6.7
Bhopal	85	73	0.6	27.1	.....
Akola	78	63	3.4	23.6	+8.9
Amraoti	78	73	0.4	25.8	+10.5
Indore	82	72	0.2	24.4	+8.9
Marmagoa	83	76	0.3	58.2	.....
Malegaon	81	72	T	6.5	—2.7
Massoorie	69	60	1.6	47.2	+15.0
Mahableshwar	64	62	4.0	140.7	—10.2
Baroda	81	....	0.3	11.2	.....
Bahawalpur	105	81	0.0	2.3	—0.5
Belgaum	77	68	0.1	30.1	+5.9
Murree	76	60	0.2	21.2	+5.5
Cherrapunji	72	65	2.0	157.3	—37.2
Bijapur	89	70	0.0	4.4	—1.2
Dalhousie	74	60	3.8	28.9	+0.5
Khandalla	....	....	4.2	112.5	.....
Mount Abu	93	62	0.7	3.4	.....
Ootacamund	64	52	0.0	15.1	—0.3
Jodhpur	84	76	1.8	5.4	+0.2

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.—A. P.

MONSOON ACTIVE

Warning Of Heavy Rainfall

POONA: July 31.

The monsoon has been active in the West Coast Peninsula and the region extending from Gujarat to Himalayas, being strong in North Bihar, Rajputana, in and near the hills of East Punjab and United Provinces. Local rain has also fallen in Southeast Bengal, Deccan, Mysore and North Madras Coast, while a few falls are reported in Orissa and North-West Frontier Provinces.

Heavy Rainfall Warning:—Locally heavy rain may commence in the Konkan and Orissa, within the next 48 hours.—A. P.

TEXTILE LABOUR ENQUIRY

Report Submitted To Government

We understand that the final report of the Textile Labour Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government was submitted to the Government on Monday. The Committee was appointed in October 1937. It made an interim recommendation for an increase in wages of the workers. This recommendation was accepted by Government and it was carried out by the millowners of the Province. The Committee consisted of the Hon. Justice V. H. Divatia, Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Prof. D. R. Gadgil and Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Messrs S. D. Saklatvala M.L.A., Sakerlal Balabhai M.L.A., Khandubhai Desai and Khedgikar M.L.A., were appointed as Associate members, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram who was originally appointed as Chairman resigned owing to illness after the interim report had been submitted.

BOMBAY'S TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Annual Report Of Millowners' Association

The annual report of the Millowners' Association for the year ending December 1939 states that at the beginning of the year about 39 per cent of the looms were working double shift. This figure fell to under 15 per cent by the end of August, since when double shift working increased and about 32 per cent of the looms in Bombay were working double shift.

The year under review will go down in the annals of history as a very fateful one, which saw the outbreak of a conflict the extent and consequences of which no man can foresee. Germany gave early indications of her hostile intentions by giving notice under the Anglo-German Naval Agreement to build a total submarine tonnage equal to that of Britain. England who had determined not to be caught unprepared actively continued preparations and the depth of her determination could be gauged from the fact that as early as February she increased the Government's borrowing power from £400,000,000 to £800,000,000 for Defences.

The year saw the renewal of the Indo-British Trade Agreement and the opening of negotiations with Japan. The prosperity of the textile industry in future will no doubt depend considerably on the result of the negotiations with Japan.

The low commodity prices obtained for the greater part of the year prior to the outbreak of hostilities had their influence on our textile trade. Yarn and cloth markets remained stagnant as demand was poor and prices of yarn and cloth were continuously falling till the end of August. In spite of curtailment in production, stocks of cloths with mills in Bombay continued to rise, reaching nearly 180,000 bales by the end of August. The declaration of war however changed the entire position. With memories still fresh of the effects of the 1914-18 war, a speculative demand sprang up both in cloth and cotton markets. Cloth and Yarn did not respond fully to the rise in cotton.

Prices of agricultural products ruling low during 1938 and purchasing power of the agriculturists being thus reduced, it was expected that the textile trade would fare badly during 1939. This proved to be the case and had it not been for the war, 1939 would have been a dismal year. The report gives detailed account of rapid movement of cotton prices.

The future of the textile entirely depends upon war developments and sustained buying capacity of masses and export facilities. During the first seven months of the current year, there was a steady decline in cotton prices but July seems to have turned upward. Monsoon progress so far is satisfactory and while chances are in favour of seasonal improvement in cloth market but in view of various uncertain factors both of political and economic consequences must be carefully watched and weighed over.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Teas And Jutes Neglected

CALCUTTA: July 31.

A slightly better feeling was in evidence to-day and moderate business was reported in Coals, Railways, Banks and Miscellaneous industrials. Teas and Jutes were more or less neglected while Government securities kept quiet but steady:

The following are closing quotations:—

Govt. Securities: 2 3/4 per cent Loan 1948-52 95/13; 3 per cent New loan 1965/65 89/14; 3 1/2 per cent Govt. Paper 89/15; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 101/2 s o l; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 104 s o d lot; 5 per cent Loan 1940/43 100/10; 3 per cent C P Loan 1952 93/2 s lots.

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 1452 ex-div ct; Reserve Bank 99/12 ex-div.

Railways: Burdwan Cutwa Rly 87; Howrah Amta Rly 91.

Coals: Bengal 324; Equitable 32/4; South Karanpura 5; Talcher 1/7.

Jutes: Gourepore pref 135; Hukumchand pref 90; Lawrence pref 132.

Minings: Burma Corpn 5; Consolidated Tin 2/14; Indian Copper 2; Rhodesia Copper 1/1.

Engineering Companies: Indian Iron and Steel 26/4; Indian St. Wagon ord 53; Steel Corpn ord 15.

Miscellaneous: Bengal Flour 11/8; B I Corpn ord 4; Dunlop Rubber ord 29/9; Second pref 105/8 ct; British Burma Petroleum 3/12; Indo-Burma Petroleum ord 98; Orient Paper 7/8; Star Paper 7/6 ex-div; Titaghur Paper ord 14/10; Prefd ordy 4/8; Second pref 107; Humayun Property ord 3/12; Defd Annas (?); Pref 7/6.

Sugar Shares: Carew and Co 9/6 s lot; Ramnugger Cane and Sugar pref 111; Raza 13/4.

Tea Shares: Gohpur 4/2; Tukvar 10.

Debentures: 7 per cent Maha Swastika Sugar Debs 98/8.—A. P.

Racing

POONA SUMMER MEETING

Handicaps For Opening Day

POONA, July 31.

The following are the handicaps for the Poona Summer Meeting, First Day, Saturday August 3:—

REAY PLATE:—Distance 6 furlongs.

Solimit 9-4, Ticanto 9-4, Usk 9-2, Lingfield 8-10, Harlem 8-10, Eastern Pride 8-9, Bland-Star 8-9, Meddlesome 8-9, Synagogue 8-7, Mahboob 8-4, Monte Carlo 8-4, Fire Alarm (late Shipstoll) 8-4, Ganymede 8-3, Paris II 8-3, Holly Garth 8-2, Cheery Boys 8-2, Eyrefield 8-2, Knocklayed 8-0, Scotland For Ever 8-0, Orange Blossom II 8-0, Bachelor's Bard 7-12, Housini 7-7, Bastion 7-7, Kilt 7-7.

ELPHINSTON PLATE:—Distance 7 furlongs.

Royal Marcher 9-4, King of Sports 9-0, Terrace 8-13, Dightena Valley 8-13, Man Eater 8-12, Winston 8-12, Shadrach 8-8, Veiled Prophet 8-8, Final Glance 8-8, Talk 8-7, Tipperary 8-7, Archmoon 8-7, Valkyrian 8-7, Sir Robin 8-6, Kybo 8-4, Golden Link 8-2, Jewel 8-2, Aftalon 8-0, Mona Liza 7-11, Flotaloan 7-11, Bobby In The Barn 7-11, Gipsy Girl 7-9, Coiys 7-7, How's That 7-7, Acinom 7-7.

CASTLETOWN PLATE, DIV. I:—Distance 7 furlongs.

Golden Mantle 9-4, Legendary 9-2, So That's That 9-0, Impetus 8-11, Pom Pom 8-11, Lens 8-9, Scion 8-8 Shivaganga (late Painter's Pride) 8-7, Bladford Lad 8-6, Fekri 8-6, Palais Glide (late Maitre De Ballet) 8-4, Right Bet 8-4, Romney's Girl 8-3, Talkless 8-3, Beau Geste 8-0, Langdon 7-11, Shiva Kumari (late Quaver) 7-11, No Regrets 7-9, Mellowpore 7-9, Sauce Angalise 7-7, King of the Ring 7-7, Fun of the Fayre 7-4.

CASTLETOWN PLATE, DIV. II:—Distance 7 furlongs.

Mangoola 9-2, Fatin Beau 9-0, Panna Prince 9-0, Appenzell 8-12, Shalimi (late Nuthread) 8-11, Lime Juice 8-11, Gay Nora 8-9, Abundantia 8-9 Manifold 8-7, Ronaldo 8-5, Deccan Queen (late Lock of the Bay) 8-4, Side Hill 8-4, Sugar Baby 8-2, Neocell 8-2, Step Chilly 8-0, Bradeager 8-0, Prince Parphar 7-12, Reliable 7-9, Why Not 77, Ajax 7-7, Landlord (late Baby Boy) 7-5, Rathavon 7-5.

MYSORE PLATE, DIV. I:—Distance 6 furlongs.

The Duchess 9-4, King's Wine 9-4, Gay Spaniard 9-2, Cherie 9-2, Hue D'Or 8-12, Star of Baroda 8-12, Shahenshah 8-12, Countess Nil 8-11, Hectic 8-11, Princess Mumtaz 8-7, Sammy Brass 8-4, Laxmidhar 8-2, Finis 8-2, Ballerina 8-0, Kilcash 8-0, Idar's Gift 7-10, Rafle 7-10, Eminent 7-7, Fifty Fifty 7-7, Excellent 7-7.

MYSORE PLATE, DIV. II:—Distance 6 furlongs.

Blue Mantle 9-4, Lakhpat 9-2, Oliver 8-11, Princep 8-7, Twine 8-4, Oh Yeah 8-2, Sherabel 8-0, Formosa 8-0, First Choice 8-0, Tyrant 8-0, Can Can 7-11, Rani Taramati 7-11, Prominent 7-11, What's Yours 7-11, Black Cushion 7-11, Bhilderer 7-10, Lion Tamer 7-10, Gold Dish 7-7, Dilkush 7-7.—A. P.

Football

HOLDERS HELD

Delhi Earn Further Promotion

(From Our Correspondent)

CALCUTTA: July 31.

The Delhi Football Association made further progress in the I.F.A. Shield Tournament. This evening they bettered a good local side, East Bengal, getting the decision by the narrowest of margins. They now enter the fourth round.

The Calcutta Police, the holders could not eliminate Mohun Bagan, both teams sharing four goals. This game was a thrilling encounter and a large crowd was delighted by the soccer served up.

The following are the results:—

Delhi F. A.: 1; East Bengal 0.
Police: 2; Mohun Bagan 2.

Schools & Rugby Football

Lt.-Col. M. C. Coote writes:—

I believe few people realise that Indian schools are starting to play rugby football. Due to lack of interest and publicity (the Press of Bombay showed no interest at any time) few have taken to rugger, but at least one Indian school has started and have very much benefited by doing so. The Shri Shivaji Preparatory Military School, at Poona, started in 1934-35. In 1937 they played the Cathedral High School, one match in Bombay, and were beaten, in 1938 they played two matches with this school, won the first and drew in the second. In 1939 the Indian School lost the one match played by a very narrow margin. This school plays many matches at Poona. They are sending a team down to Bombay this year to play the Cathedral High School on August 1st on the A.F.I. ground (near the Metro Theatre) at about 5 p.m. I trust your paper will publish this letter and ask the Indian public especially any educational authorities and school masters to try and attend and take some interest in Indian Schools rugby football. All Indian boarding schools can play in the rains and there is no reason why day schools should not also take to the game. Any rough bit of ground that is flat and of correct size will do for rugger in the rains. It will do Indian Youth a great deal of good in every way.

Indo-Japanese Trade Negotiations

SIMLA: July 31.

Mr. Wakamatsu, Japanese Consul-General had a meeting this morning with Sir Alan Lloyd, Commerce Secretary.

It is learnt that Mr. T. P. Fukai, who is Vice-Consul-General for Japan and was associated with the Indo-Japanese trade negotiations, is leaving for Japan this week and this morning's meeting was intended to clear up certain points relating to the negotiations.—A. P.

Billiards

LINDRUM'S BIG BREAK

MELBOURNE, July 31.

Walter Lindrum established a new world record under the new baulk line rule when he made a break of 3,361 in a billiards match against his brother Fred.—Reuter.

PENTANGULAR FINAL

The final of the Football Pentangular will be played this evening at the Cooperage, 5-45 p.m., when the Europeans meet the Muslims.

ALL-INDIA TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

(From Our Correspondent)

CALCUTTA: July 31.

The All-India Lawn Tennis Association have asked the Madras L. T. A. to hold the All-India Tennis Championships after the East India Championships. The latter are organised by the South Club annually on the last ten days of December. There will be no change this year.

The All-India Championships, it will be recalled, have, according to previous arrangement, to be held in Madras. This centre wanted the last ten days of December. The South Club protested and, it is said, the A.I.L.T.A. have heeded this Club's objections.

The international situation will not in all probability allow the South Club to invite any foreign players, as is usually done by this enterprising tennis institution.

WHO WAS THE FATHER?

(Continued from page 4)

futable, will not apply. In a very recent case, the Privy Council have said by way of 'obiter dicta' that access for the purpose of this section, means effective access and that physical incapacity to procreate due to tender age of the husband, amounts to non-access if it is beyond the possibility even of precocious virility. But if access be proved, even adultery on the wife's part will not justify a finding that another man was the father of the child in dispute.

* * *

Rigid though it be, this fixed rule of British Indian Law has its merits in clarifying the confusion of parentage that would otherwise prevail. Parentage is the bone of contention not from laudable and affectionate motives of filial duty, but more often from a desire to obtain an inheritance that attaches to the one parentage but not to the other. The poor seldom quarrel over questions of parentage and hardly ever worry about them. If the world were made of the virtuous alone, we should need no laws.

DHONDY'S CASE

(Continued from Page 4.)

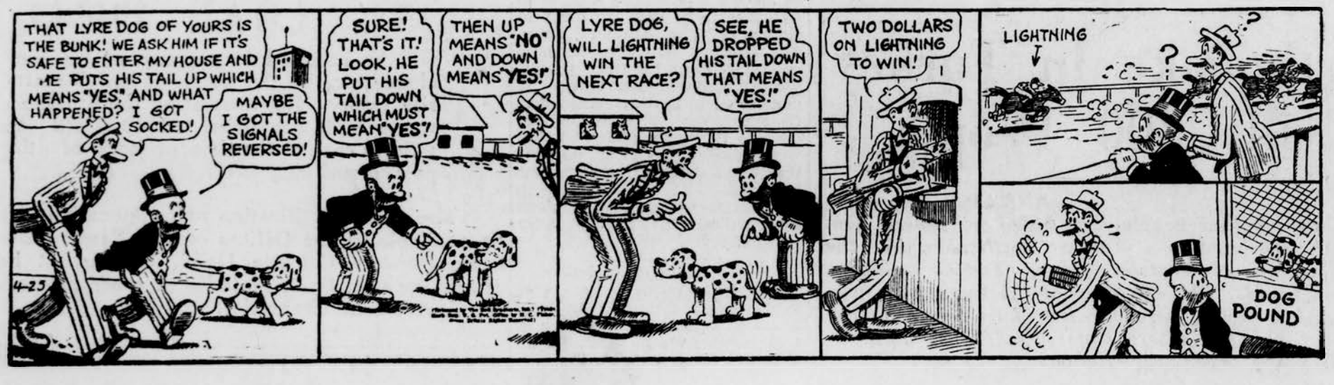
chill, the Premier, has declared his intention to direct the Home Minister of England to revise all sentences passed in connection with the War and reduce or remit, in cases in which the authorities were satisfied that the alleged offenders were not 'Fifth Columnist' and did not intend or cause any serious harm to the efficient prosecution of War.

We earnestly hope that the recent case of Mr. Rustom Dhondy, a young and promising Indian student, will receive the official attention and clemency, that it richly deserves. Even his prosecutors had to admit that neither he, nor his co-accused, belonged to a 'Fifth Column', the fact that a British student, who was his co-accused, jointly charged with the commission of the same offence of mischief, was let off with a warning and was allowed to have his degree, even after conviction, clearly shows that the incident was considered lightly, as the result of youthful prank of students, particularly in a 'bottle party' in celebration of brilliant success.

It is understood that this matter is to be taken up by Students' Federation and other student institutions. Justice, expediency and fairplay demands that the Secretary of State, who ought to be like a guardian to Indian students in Great Britain, should immediately look into this case, and set the innocent lad free, so as to enable him to get his well merited honours' degree and thus fulfil his mission and ambition in life.—Yours, etc.

KHURSHED D. ANKLESARIA.

MUTT AND JEFF—But the Abyssinian Bee Hound Can't Help It If Jeff Gets His Signals Mixed By BUD FISHER


THAT LYRE DOG OF YOURS IS THE BUNK! WE ASK HIM IF IT'S SAFE TO ENTER MY HOUSE AND HE PUTS HIS TAIL UP WHICH MEANS "YES" AND WHAT HAPPENED? I GOT SOCKED!
MAYBE I GOT THE SIGNALS REVERSED!
SURE! THAT'S IT! LOOK, HE PUT HIS TAIL DOWN WHICH MUST MEAN "YES"!
THEN UP MEANS "NO" AND DOWN MEANS "YES!"
LYRE DOG, WILL LIGHTNING WIN THE NEXT RACE?
SEE, HE DROPPED HIS TAIL DOWN THAT MEANS "YES!"
TWO DOLLARS ON LIGHTNING TO WIN!
LIGHTNING
DOG POUND

DIRT IS UNHEALTHY

Bring up your family to wash regularly with ANTISEPTIC LIFEBUOY SOAP

Have you ever known a healthy child who did not get dirty? Every little boy, and every little girl too, picks up dirt somehow, at school, at play or even in the home.

Dirt can be very dangerous to the health of your children. Your doctor will tell you that all dirt carries germs that can cause many serious illnesses.

There's a sure way of protecting children from the danger of dirt—the Lifebuoy habit. Teach children to wash regularly with famous Lifebuoy Soap. Its healthy smelling lather contains a special antiseptic element that helps to protect health. Every wash with Lifebuoy gets rid of dangerous germs, guards against infection and illness.

There's a special health element in LIFEBUOY SOAP

L. 16-189 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

On The Air

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Kerkar and Kharadkar play Sarangi and Violin with Tambora and Tabla. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 V. A. Kagalkar. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 A Topical Talk. 9-10 The A I R Bhajan Mandali. 9-20 Songs from 'Sohag.' 12-30 p.m. Dhyan Magna. 12-45 Vivog ki Ghariyan. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Ramante Tatra Devatah: Programme for women in Gujarati. 1-10 Geet, Garba and Pad 1-20 Mutual Understanding: Daily lesson in English and Hindustani. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know Madame? 1-40 Lunch hour music. School Broadcasts. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 Gujarati Literature: Talk. 4-35 Gujarati Bhavgeet. 4-45 Music: Indian musical instruments: Lesson. 5 Tara Bai Bharatpuri. 5-15 Afaq: Sitar. 5-20 Jayram Shiledar. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Hira Bai Javeri. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Tara Bai Bharatpuri. 6-25 The A I R Trio. 6-35 V. A. Kagalkar. 7 Topical Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 Sukhano-Kinar. 7-25 Sarhadi Naghma played on Sarinda by an A I R artist. 7-30 Sita Mavinkurve. 7-40 Song from 'Manapaman'. 7-45 M. U. Khan: Sarod. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Berlin ki Khabaren: Talk relayed from Lahore. 8-45 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News Relay. 9-50 An introduction. 10 Maneck Bhagat: Pianoforte. 10-20 Dunstan Roberts: Bass.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Devotional music. 7-40 Abdulla. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Ajag (Sitar Solo). 8-50 Vatsala. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1. 9-30 Amel Shanker Rao (flute and violin).

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Indu Bhushan Mukerjee: Banjo and Bansari. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

8 p.m. Multani by Delhi Radio Orchestra. 8-10 Hanuman Prasad. 5-30 Abdul Haq. 5-50 Ustad Hafiz Ali Khan of Gwalior: Sarod. 6-15 Sham ke Rag. 6-35 Instrumental Quartette. 6-40 Ghulam Ali Khan of Rohtak. 7 Hanuman Prasad. 7-20 E. Roberts. 7-30 Abdul Haq. 7-45 Simla Hills, 2: Talk. 8 Mahboob Jan of Sholapur. 8-15 For Villagers only. 10 It has happened or Kedara on Sarangi by Ghulam Sabir. 10-5 Hanuman Prasad. 10-20 Abdul Haq. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the Countryside. 5-50 Mastan Gama. 6-5 Mastan Gama. 6-15 Radharani. 6-35 A Diversion into the Countryside. 6-45 Girin Chakravarti. 6-55 Radharani. 7-5 Bhagabat Chandra Banerjee. 7-15 Girin Chakravarti. 7-25 Radharani. 7-35 Ratnamala Sen. 7-45 Indian Industries, 2: Talk in Bengali. 8 Ratnamala Sen. 8-10 N. N. Mazumdar: Clarionet solo. 9 Teresa Murphy: Soprano. 10 Guest Evening.

JULY DRAMATIZED

The events of thirty days will be crowded in half an hour to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. when Aubrey Menon will produce his Newsplay of the month. They will be seen in the light of Napoleon's days when that terror also lay in wait to spring on England. Tune in to Bombay on 61.48 metres only.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22 00
Peshawar Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22 45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12 30	17 40
Nagpur Express	18-00	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

Professional Buying On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

TRADERS AWAIT DEVELOPMENTS

Hedging Against Foreign Growth

Bombay, July 31

On Tuesday, the New York cotton market was fairly steady with professional buying. The session was featureless and traders were apathetic awaiting developments.

Chicago grains hardened on official decree prohibiting the exports of wheat and wheat flour from Argentina and unfavourable weather. The Wall Street market was firm on active buying.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened quiet. There was trade and professional buying on the firmness of the Stock market. There was hedging against foreign and domestic growth on the scale-up and Memphis selling in October delivery.

The market opened 2 points up at 9.38 for October which was the lowest level. There was fairly active buying and prices advanced to 9.42 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 4 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices closed 4 points up at 10.40c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady with a moderate buying. The market closed at a rise of 4 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 10.30c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 6 points with October 7.22. The market was narrow and prices advanced on statistical strength. There was small hedging against outside growths and prices reacted. There was trade calling and switching of nears into distants. The market closed at a rise of 5 to 9 points. Middling American Spot cotton price advanced 7 points at 7.87d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton was very steady on persistent covering in Giza. Uppers futures closed 12 to 7 points up and Giza futures advanced 20 to 25 points with Spot cotton 43 points up at 11.96c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (2-19 p.m.)	9.42+05
New York October lowest (10 a.m.)	9.38+02
Liverpool October highest	7.22+06
Liverpool October lowest	7.18+02

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool Fair amount of mill calling. Bullish

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 30

October	9.40+04
December	9.28+05
January	9.17+04
March	9.06+04
May	8.97+04
July	8.59+05
Middling Spot	10.40+04

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, July 30

October	9.44+04
December	9.32+05
January	9.20+05
Middling Spot	10.30

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 30

11 a.m. ranges Noon call

October	9.40/9.40	9.39
December	9.26/9.26	9.25
March	9.04/9.04	9.04

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, July 30

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	12,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	nil
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 30

July	7.52+04
August	7.38+04
September	7.28+04
October	7.21+05
November	7.13+05
December	7.03+05
January	6.99+06
February	6.95+06
March	6.92+07
April	6.88+07
May	6.85+08
June	6.81+08
July	6.78+09
Middling Spot	7.87+07

11 a.m. quotations.

July	7.22
October	6.92

Argentina's Restrictions On Wheat Export

BUENOSAIRES, July 30.

The Government have forbidden the export of wheat and wheat flour except to neighbouring countries.

Permits must be obtained even for these exports, which would be subject to Argentina's own requirements which also govern the fulfilment of the existing contracts.

It is stated that this decision is due to the shrinkage of the Argentine wheat surplus to 850,000 tons.—Reuter.

B. B. and C. I. Railway

ARRIVALS AT AND DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL FROM JULY 1.)

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	8-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	*(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15 10
The Flying Ranee. Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee. Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-0

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 31

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and free sterling was quoted at 3.83 1/4 at New York.

London Spot silver prices declined 3/16d. at 22 3/8d. and forward quotation was reduced 1/16d. at 22 1/16d. Prices declined on speculative selling and the support was poor. New York Spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents per ounce and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/4. London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 59-1-9 and forward parity was Rs. 58-6-6. The local market was quietly steady and silver prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Gold was dull with a restricted business. Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	Rs. 41 11 6
Shrawan	41 11 0

SILVER

Ready	62 13 0
Shrawan	62 12 0

LONDON SILVER

London, July 30

Spot	22 3/8
Forward	22 1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, July 30

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGE

London, July 30

T T London on:—	
New York	402 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Madrid	37.70
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.70/17.80
Stockholm	16.85/16.95

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 30

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£62 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£79
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91 1/8
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£107
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£72 3/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£100 1/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£99 3/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/4
Victory bonds	£109 7/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£4 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, London Reg.	£68
National Bank of India	£26

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 30

Rozario Santa Fe	not quoted
Barletta Russo July quoted	70/6
South Australian shipment f.o.b. parcels Aug/Sept quoted	65/9

LONDON RUBBER

London, July 30

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb sellers	12 3/4

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, July 31

Castorseeds September—		
Opening	Rs.	37 14 0
Highest		37 14 0
Lowest		37 0 0
Closing		37 2 0
Groundnuts August—		
Opening		29 4 0
Highest		29 4 0
Lowest		28 11 0
Closing		28 14 0
Cottonseeds September—		
Opening		25 12 0
Highest		25 15 0
Lowest		25 6 6
Closing		25 15 0
Groundnuts February—		
Opening		31 10 0
Highest		31 10 0
Lowest		31 1 6
Closing		31 3 0
Castorseeds May—		
Opening		38 8 0
Highest		38 8 0
Lowest		37 14 0
Closing		37 14 0
Cottonseeds May—		
Opening		23 4 6
Highest		23 4 6
Lowest		23 0 0
Closing		23 2 6

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay, July 31

In sympathy with other markets, the local market ruled quiet with scattered selling. Chicago advices were firm but sentiment in the local market was depressed and trading was restricted. Quotations were as under:—

Linseed September	Rs. 5 4 9
Linseed May	6 15 6
Wheat September	3 15 6
Wheat January	4 2 3
Wheat May	4 3 6

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 31

In sympathy with a rise of 4 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 197 for Broach A/M delivery but various reports of war activity in Europe, unnerved operators and the market opened weak at Rs. 194 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 193 on scattered selling. Later on there was moderate covering and prices improved to Rs. 194/8. Yesterday weakness in near months created a feeling of hesitancy but the intermediate trend seems up and there was more disposition to buy. It is true that in view of European uncertainty the market is acting cautiously but there exists a belief that British resistance will be effective. Moreover the statistical position of Indian cotton is gaining strength and moderate improvement in prices is expected.

Prices advanced to Rs. 195/8 under moderate support but again reacted to Rs. 194/8 on scattered selling. The market steadied at this level with small business passing. Liverpool opened at a decline of 2 points and in the local market Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 195. Later Liverpool was one down and in the local market with slightly improved buying Broach was quoted at Rs. 196. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G BROACH:—			
July/August	Rs.	178	12 0
April/May 1941		196	12 0
FINE M G OOMRA:—			
December/January		175	4 0
F G M G BENGAL:—			
December/January		141	4 0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, July 31

	To-day	Total
Broach	1,600	30,400

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, July 31

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		148	146	142	139
M G Punjab		148	145	142	139
M G Rajputana		155	152	149	146
M G Oomra No. 3	178	176	173	170	
M G C P No. 1	190	188	185	182	
M G C P No. 2	182	180	177	174	
M G Broach No. 2		182	180	178	175
M G Punjab-American		216	214	212	209
M G Surat		234	232	230	227
M G Rajpipla		228	226	224	221
M G Navsari		241	239	237	234

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 31

Bengal Fine	140-43
C. P. 1	179-82
C. P. 2	171-72
Berar	170-72
Khandesh	168-70
Jalna/Sailu	168-70
Ahmednagar	168-70
Broach	177-79

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, July 31

Wheat September	Rs. 0 3 6
Wheat January	0 8 0
Wheat May	0 11 0
Groundnut February	4 12 0
Castorseed September	3 0 0
Cottonseed September	1 2 0
Silver Shrawan	1 10 0
Gold Shrawan	0 8 0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, July 31

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh		55,579	38,758
Central India		109,361	225,209
Barsi and Nagar		114,118	94,081
Hyderabad/Gaorani		47,970	4,474
Berar		318,618	162,718
Central Provinces		76,962	38,218
Total Oomras		722,608	563,458
Dholleras		89,297	276,950
N W Provinces		26,079	9,936
Rajputana		35,228	80,256
Sind-Punjab		369,765	333,900
Broach		408,546	414,944
Coompta and Dharwar	277	60,865	150,760
Westerns-Northerns		36,649	96,593
Cocoanada		86	98
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,392	2,637
Total	277	1,740,515	1,929,532
Arrived by road to 25th July 1940		339,387	

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 30-7-40	7781000	4169000
Receipts yesterday 30-7-40	12000	6000
Export to date 30-7-40	6132000	3573000
Stock at Ports 26-7-40	2459000	2029000
Stock at Interior Towns 26-7-40	1976000	2432000
Stock at Liverpool 26-7-40		655000
Visible Supply 26-7-40		4871000
Quantity in sight 26-7-40	13859000	9725000
Quantity out of sight 26-7-40		10489000

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 338 penny points at exchange 1/6

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 232 penny points at exchange 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 126 cent points at exchange 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 30

Broach J/A highest 182 1/2 lowest 178 1/2 closing 179 1/2

Broach A/M highest 198 1/2 lowest 195 1/2 closing 196 1/2

Oomra D/J highest 177 lowest 174 closing 175

Bengal D/J highest 143 lowest 140 closing 140 3/4

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 30

UPPERS:	
Spot	11.56+10
July	11.15+12
October	10.65+10
December	10.55+10
January	10.27+07
March	10.05+07
May	9.98+07
GIZA NO. 2:	
Spot	11.46+43
July	11.00+20
October	10.65+23
November	10.65+23
January	10.47+25
March	10.38+25
May	10.24+25

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 31

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	56 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	66 8 0

Tone:—Steady.

PEPPER & GINGER PRICES

Bombay, July 31

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.).

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	Rs.	82 0 0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy		82 8 0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy		86 0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt		16 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt		13 12 0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 31

Yarn No. 6 1/2s August 122 October 124 December 126

Yarn No. 10 1/2s August 140 October 142 December 144

Yarn No. 20 1/2s August 166 October 169 December 172

Yarn No. 40s August 239 October 241 December 243

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 31

With sellers predominating, the market suffered a setback in to-day's session, particularly Steel shares. Tata Deferreds opened at 1812-8 and dropped down to 1782-8, while the Ordinaries, after opening at 344, declined to 341. A slight recovery was, however, noted subsequently, and Tata Deferreds and Ordinaries touched 1791-4 and 342, eventually closing at 1790 and 342 respectively. Among Textiles, Bombay Dyeings ruled around 902-8. Indian Irons were slightly lower at 26-4, while Bengal Steels stood at 15-2.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:

Tata Deferreds (1812-8) 1812-8 1782-8 1791-4 1790

Tata Ordinaries (345-8) 344 341 342 341 342

Tata Ordinary 342; Tata Deferred 1790; Indian Iron 26/4; Bombay Dyeing 902/8; Century 252/8; Central India 250; Kohinoor 342/8; Associated Cement 112; Bombay Burma 527/8; Scindia Steam 18/14; Tata Hydro 160; Reserve Bank 101; Imperial Bank F P 1462/8; Central Bank 35/2; Bank of India 134; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 90

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE HOLIDAY

The market will remain closed on Thursday, the 1st August, owing to 'Tilak Jayanti'.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 26th July 1940:—

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Govt. of India	6,02,37,000
(2) Govt. of Burma	2,61,67,000
(3) Other Govt. Accounts	5,15,87,000
(b) Banks	31,72,09,000
(c) Others	1,41,66,000
Bills Payable	9,73,000
Other Liabilities	1,01,66,000
Rupees	59,04,98,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	35,70,55,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	16,42,000
Rupee Coin	5,44,000
Rupee Coin	11,13,000
Subsidiary Coin	5,44,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	
(b) External	
(c) Govt. Treasury Bills	2,11,16,000
Balances held abroad*	20,75,06,000
Loans and Advances to Govts.	20,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	7,15,000
Investments	8,91,23,000
Other Assets	96,84,000
Rupees	59,04,98,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

Dated the 31st day of July, 1940.

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 26th day of July, 1940:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Dept.	25,86,97,000	
Notes in circulation:—		
(a) Legal Tender in India	225,44,80,000	
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	12,46,82,000	
Total Notes issued		263,78,59,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		263,78,59,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—		
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000	
(b) Held outside India		
Sterling Securities	131,50,11,000	
Total of A.		175,91,54,000
B. Rupee Coin		38,27,06,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities		49,59,99,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper		
TOTAL ASSETS		263,78,59,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities 66.689 per cent.

Dated the 31st day of July, 1940.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay: July 31.

Eastern S N Coy's Norwegian s s Marly of 657 reg tons, Capt J L Gohansen arrived from Karachi with general cargo.

O S Kaisha's Japanese s s Argun Maru of 4078 reg tons, Capt M Takagi, arrived from Yokohama with passengers, cotton goods, tiles and general cargo.

SAILED

Bombay: July 31.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Hakozaki Maru of 6310 reg tons Capt H Aizawa sailed for Liverpool with passengers and general cargo.

EXPORTS

Bombay: July 31.

278 bags myrabollams P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 200 bls cotton waste L O Vora; 40 bls cotton pcegoods David Sassoon and Co Ltd; 78 bls cotton pcegoods N Wadia and Sons; 124 bls cotton blankets N Wadia and Sons; 107 bls cotton pcegoods W H Brady and Co Ltd; 300 bls cotton raw N Futehally and Co; 200 bls cotton raw Kotak and Co; 1230 bags grdnut kernals The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton R Kanjee and Co; 256 bags myrabollams C Jivanial and Co; 200 bls raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 2524 bags grdnuts Ralli Bros Ltd; 62 bls cotton pcegoods P K Ashar and Co; 256 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co; 20 bls cotton grey canvas The B'bay Co Ltd; 246 bags myrabollams J Moolchand and Co; 50 bls cotton pcegoods The Tata Mills, Ltd; 16 bls cotton pcegoods M Narotamdas and Co; 15 bls cotton yarn R Makanji Spg and Wvg Co Ltd; 20 bls cotton pcegoods Jugdish and Co; 92 bls cotton twist waste Barot Bros and Co; 20 bls cotton pcegoods Thos Cook and Son Ltd; 256 bags myrabollams R S Tata and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 33 bls cotton pcegoods Ralli Bros; 200 bls cotton pcegoods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd, 55 bls grey cotton canvas K Nixon and Co; 13 bls cotton duck canvas The Jessain Carpet Co; 65 bls cotton pcegoods W A Beardsell and Co Ltd; 26 bls cotton pcegoods S R Pusalkar and Co; 51 tons scrap iron Faiz and Co; 200 bls raw cotton S R Tulshan and Co Ltd; 50 bls raw cotton B Shah and Co; 13 bags fish maws L Dewraj and Co; 1280 bags grdnut seed The Cotton Agents Ltd; 375 bls raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 100 bls raw cotton M Amersey and Co; 100 bls raw cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 22 bls raw cotton Cotton Export and Import Ltd; 200 bls raw cotton The Universal Ctn Trading Co; 16 c/s brassware The American Express Co Inc.

IMPORTS

Bombay: July 31.

130 boxes butter, 40 boxes battery separators, 350 bls old newspapers, 500 bls cotton, 115 bls simili paper, 252 Bbls skim milk, 100 bags beteinuts, 6760 bags copra, 151 drums steel grinding balls, 1477 dms asphalt, 100 drums dyes, 339 casks tallow, 1320 sacks clove stems, 36 c/s extracted honey, 88 c/s ctn pcegoods, 150 c/s slates, 25 c/s glassware, 25 c/s nut button, 54 c/s photo mount, 20 c/s ctn and art silk mxed shirting, 400 c/s skim milk powder, 48 c/s rayon pcegoods, 30 bdls mattress fibre, 90 c/s printing paper, 22 H/chests tea.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 31.

2 3/4 per cent 1940/52 95-8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-14
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 96-10
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 90
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 104
4 per cent 1943 Bond 104-4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 101-8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/69 Loan 108-12
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 100-10
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 89-8

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/50 Loan 109-10
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 107
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 102
4 per cent M Deb. 1947 101
5 per cent M Deb. 1959 109
6 per cent M. Deb. 1954 107
6 per cent K P T 1956 116

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 31

B. C. RATES —

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 31st January

LONDON:—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 31st January

Bank's buying T T 1/5 1/32 to 31st January

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

PARIS:—

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 84 1/4 nominal

Bank's buying T T 80 1/4 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 79 1/2 nominal

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 24

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 31st inst.

Shanghai London 0/4 1/16 31st inst.

New York London 3.82 1/2 30th inst.

London Java 7.58/62 30th inst.

London New York 4.09 1/2—3 1/2 30th inst.

London Switzerland 17.70/80 30th inst.

London Stockholm 16.85/95 30th inst.

London Japan 1/3 3/16 30th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold £8-8-0 29th inst.

Gold £8-8-0 30th inst.

Silver London Ready 22 9/16 29th inst.

Silver London Ready 22 3/8 30th inst.

Silver London Forward 22 1/8 29th inst.

Silver London Forward 22 1/16 30th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 29th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 30th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 29th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 30th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 29th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 30th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 1 1/4 per cent.

6 months 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Very easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 30

3 per cent	79
3 1/2 per cent	91 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100
4 per cent 1948/53	104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109
5 per cent 1942/47	103 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	73 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99 3/4
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	110 3/4

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, July 31

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:

Shipment September Rs. 8 8-0 F B H

Indian sugars ready:

Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14 14-0 to 15-1-0

Ready (large grain) Rs. 15 2-0 to 15-12-0

Tone: Quiet.

Settlement Rates

The Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association has fixed the following making up rates for August and carry-forward rates for September delivery:—

	August.	September.
Bombay Dyeing	940/10	945
Central India	263/8	265
Century	276/4	277/8
Colaba Land	146/12	147/8
Finlay	138/0	138/12
Gokak	190/0	191/0
Kohinoor	350/12	352/8
Morarji	185/0	186/0
Mysore	97/0	98/0
New Great	323/4	325/0
Phoenix	283/12	285/0
Simplex	95/8	96/0
Swadeshi	228/12	230/0
Swan	138/0	138/12
Tramway	124/10	125/0
Tata Hydro	155/10	156/0
Tata Power	1275/0	1280/0
Bombay Steam	263/12	265/0
Tata Ord. C-D	343/4	345/0
Tata Defd C-D	1821/4	1830/0
Alcock	427/8	430/0
A. Cement	113/0	113/8
Belapur	207/0	208/0
Bombay Burma Old	532/8	535/0
Bombay Telephone	86/12	87/0
Indian Bleaching	107/8	108/0
P. Construction	78/2	29/0
Shivrajpur	34/14	35/0

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 30

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	14 3/4
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	49 1/2
Amr Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	41 1/2
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	34
Electric Bond and Share Common	6 1/8
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	62
Columbia Gas and Electric	6
Amr Tel and Tel	151
Sun Life of Canada	175
Western Union Telegraph	17 3/4
New York Central R R	12 1/2
Great Northern Pfd	23 1/2
Union Pacific	82 1/4
Chesapeake and Ohio	37 1/2
Australia 5 per cent 1956	47
United States Steel	55
Bethlehem Steel	61
Crucible Steel	31 1/2
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	22
Republic Steel	18
Int Nickel of Canada	23 5/8
U S Smelting	50
Anaconda Copper Mining	20 7/8
Chrysler Motors	74 1/2
General Motors	46
Socony	8 1/2
Standard Oil of N J	34
Texas Corporation	39 1/4
Standard Brands	6
Consolidated Oil	6 1/4

Turnover 670,000 shares. U. S. Steel Corporation earned dol 1.48 for second quarter and has declared dol 1 dividend.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 31

The official carryover rates were announced for the forward business. The share bazar was quiet to-day on reports that armies were moving towards the channel. All city markets remained depressed and there being some nervous selling of share quotations also declined.

Tata Steel shares are only showing activity while cotton mill shares remained neglected and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Bombay Dyeing shares closed at Rs. 907/8 and Century shares were placed at Rs. 253.

Associated Cement shares remained unchanged at Rs. 113 and Bank shares ruled steady with moderate demand. Baroda Bank shares closed at Rs. 105 and Centrals improved to Rs. 35/4. Imperial Bank shares fully paid closed at Rs. 1467/4 and India Banks were done at Rs. 134.

Insurance shares were steady and the Gilt-edged section was steady with 3 1/2 per cent paper quoted at Rs. 90. Hydro-Electric shares were also steady and Andhra shares closed at Rs. 1525 and Tata Power shares closed at Rs. 1312/8.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 1815 and declined to Rs. 1790. Ordinary shares also eased off to Rs. 344. Bombay Burmas closed at Rs. 526/4 and Bellapurs closed at Rs. 200. Scindia shares eased off to Rs. 18/15.

Wall Street gains up to one dollar were well scattered partly due to the belief of a general sold-out condition, optimistic business and political indications and hopefulness of British resistance, the market closing strong in one of the most active sessions in July, although profit-taking temporarily retarded activity. U. S. Steels on declaration of dividend closed 2 3/8 up at 55 and Ana

As. 8 for 5

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1940

GLYCO-THYMOLINE
(Kress & Owen Co.'s)
KEEP INFECTION AT BAY!
with
GLYCO-
THYMOLINE
To cure common cold and tonsilities, douche the nose and gargle with Glyco-Thymoline which keeps infection at Bay and soothes irritated tissues.
Obtainable at all Chemists.

Congress Stands UNITED ON Political Issue

AZAD CLARIFIES POONA RESOLUTIONS

NO DESIRE TO DISCLOSE TREND OF HIS TALKS WITH HUQ AND SIKANDER AT THIS STAGE, HE SAYS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

That the Congress was ever anxious to have the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi but if, for any reason, it had to go without the Mahatma's leadership, the Congress should be prepared to shoulder the burden, was the view expressed by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, in answer to questions put to him at a press conference to-day.

The Maulana Saheb explained that Mahatma Gandhi had a very high conception of non-violence. He had repeatedly said that the country was not sufficiently prepared for non-violence and that he could not accept the responsibility of leading the country unless the people were thoroughly imbued with the spirit of non-violence. But the President personally held, that to the extent Congressmen had understood non-violence, they had practised it conscientiously. This should be a sufficient guarantee of continued non-violence on their part.

The President also stated that the Congress would not keep its offer to Britain open, for an indefinite period.

If Britain did not accept the offer a conflict was bound to arise.

The President answered all questions in Hindustani.

Need Not Resign

Asked whether it was obligatory for those Congressmen who stood for out-and-out non-violence to leave the Congress, in view of the suggestion made by Mahatma Gandhi in the "Harijan", Maulana Abul Kalam Azad said that he did not consider it either necessary or proper for them to resign because there was practically no difference between them and others on the immediate political issue.

The Congress President said that that point had been made clear by Babu Rajendra Prasad.

In reply to a suggestion that the fact that 63 members voted against the Wardha statement and 28 remained neutral and only 91 voted for it at the A.-I. C. C. session in Poona, amounted to a moral defeat of the Working Committee, the Maulana Saheb said that he did not consider it a moral defeat. He pointed out that those who remained neutral were mostly socialists whose views on non-violence were well-known.

Country Not With Gandhiji

To a further suggestion that the country was more with Gandhiji in the matter of the extension of the principle of non-violence to external aggression and internal disorder, he said that he did not believe that the country was prepared to go the whole length with Gandhiji.

Maulana Azad scouted the idea of viewing the decision of the A.-I. C. C. as a victory for any individual or party. He also thought it erroneous to suggest that the passing of the Delhi resolution by the A.-I. C. C. was an indication of the failure of non-violence in India.

On the contrary he held that non-violence had succeeded to a great extent. It was rather unfortunate, in his opinion, that Gandhiji had to try this experiment in a country in bondage, like India.

According to Mahatma Gandhi non-violence was the weapon of the strong and if he had the opportunity to try the experiment in a country which, having all armed resources at its disposal, would still refuse to use them, that would give a greater opportunity to judge the experiment. But one thing was clear, namely that the present system of one country exploiting another by the use of force must come to an end. As to when it would end and how, it was difficult to anticipate.

Questioned as to what the Congress would do if the Government failed to accept its demand, the Congress President said that it was obvious that the Congress could not afford to remain idle for long. It would have to take a step forward. Time alone would decide what that step would be. The period of waiting could not be long or indefinite.

In this connection he revealed that the Working Committee of the Congress would probably meet at the end of August.

Communal Problem

Regarding the suggestion that the Congress should tackle the Hindu-Muslim problem leaving aside the Muslim League, the Congress President said that there was no question of leaving any one aside.

The Congress, he added, should have a clear-cut policy on the subject and should follow it conscientiously and all those who were prepared to come to terms with the Congress would always be welcome provided they made the approach in the right spirit.

The Congress President said that a stage had not yet been reached when he could disclose whether the talks he had with Sir Sikander Hyat Khan and Mr. Fazlul Huq had brought the communal problem nearer a solution. A better communal atmosphere would naturally help in the political campaign

The interview took place at the residence of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, where the President is putting up.

Bombay Journalists met Maulana Abul Kalam Azad on Tuesday morning. Photo shows Maulana Azad replying to questions.

No Tempting Japan's Navy

But Ban On Burma Road Is Only A Concession, Says Ramanathan

(From Our Correspondent.)

TRICHINOPOLY, July 30.

'Japan will not fight'. She is caught in the China affairs' observed S. Ramanathan, ex-Minister, who returned to India from Japan this morning by air when interviewed by me at the aerodrome.

Mr. Ramanathan said the closing of Burma-Yunan road could in no way be construed as recognition of Japan's strength but only as a concession due to the international situation.

NO TEMPTING JAPAN'S NAVY.

The hands of the army of Japan are full with China but her navy is lying idle. Britain does not want to tempt her navy. The Japanese are aggressively patriotic and we have many salutary lessons to learn from them.

Mr. Ramanathan was received, he said, with great kindness and hospitality in Japan.

KHAN ABDUL GAFFAR KHAN.

Abdul Gaffar Khan Tenders Resignation Of A. I. C. C. Membership

RAWALPINDI, July 31.

The Associated Press is reliably informed that Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan has tendered his resignation from membership of the All-India Congress Committee.

In his letter of resignation to the Secretary of the A.-I. C. C. Allahabad, he says:—"The All-India Congress Committee at its Poona Session has confirmed the Wardha and Delhi resolutions of the Working Committee, I, therefore, tender my resignation from the A.-I. C. C. also."—A. P.

Jawahar's Life-Sketch On Card Board

POONA, July 31.

The life-sketch of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru condensed to nearly 4,000 words written on a card-board in Hindu and artistically decorated on all sides was presented to the Pandit by a boy of 15 in the form of a photo, when the Pandit was about to leave the meeting of the States' Peoples' Workers convention yesterday.

Pandit Nehru accepted the present and after expressing his appreciation for the work done entrusted it to Seth Jamnalal Bajaj to auction it in the open conference and utilise the proceeds for the benefit of the states peoples' conference.

The life-sketch when put to auction realised Rs. 500 Seth Govindaram Sakhseria being the highest bidder.—A. P.

JAWAHAR VISITS REAY INDUSTRIAL MUSEUM.

In response to the invitation extended to the members of the All-India Congress Committee, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru visited the Lord Reay Industrial Museum immediately after the conclusion of the A.I.C.C. meeting. The Pandit, who was very much impressed with the work being done there spent about half an hour going round the institution and expressed the view that museums of a similar nature should be established in every city.—A. P.

Jawahar Meets Andra Ruler

Nehru Family's Service To Country Eulogised

AUNDH, July 31.

Enthusiastic scenes marked the arrival of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit and party in Aundh last evening. Coming out of the palace the Raja Saheb of Aundh embraced Pandit Nehru who was given a great ovation by the public.

A public address was presented to Pandit Nehru by Prince Appa Saheb, Prime Minister, eulogising the services of the Nehru family to the country.

The Raja Saheb speaking in Hindi said that he felt honoured by Pandit Nehru's visit to the State. He paid tributes to the sacrifices of the Nehru family in the cause of the country.

Pandit Nehru replying reviewed the situation in the country in the light of the international happenings.

Referring to the constitutional reforms in the State and the grant of responsible government in Aundh, Pandit Nehru hoped that the experiment in Aundh would favourably influence Princely opinion in India.

After visiting educational, industrial and cultural centres in the State Pandit Nehru returns to Poona to-night 'en route' to Bombay.—United Press.

Jawahar Visits Village Industries Centre

POONA, July 31.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru accompanied by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj paid a visit yesterday to the paper research and training centre established by the All-India Village Industries Association in Poona.

The research centre is located in the local Agricultural College. The Pandit expressed the view that hand-made paper industry has a bright future in the country.—A. P.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad the Congress President visited the Cipla Chemical Works at Byculla on Tuesday evening. He is seen in the picture inspecting some of the products at the factory.

Two Calcutta Editors Convicted

For Contravening Provisions Of Defence Of India Rules

CALCUTTA, July 31.

The Editor, and Printer and Publisher of "Advance" a nationalist English Daily, were sentenced to-day by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to pay a fine of Rs. 100 each, in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules.

The Editor, and Printer and Publisher of the "Matribhumi", a vernacular Daily, were similarly sentenced by the Magistrate.

The accused in both the cases were charged with having contravened some of the provisions of the Defence of India Rules by publishing a news item regarding the Bihar Provincial Students' Conference held in April.—A. P.

Ban On Processions In Punjab Towns

LAHORE, July 31.

The Punjab Government have decided to issue a general order under Sub-Rule (1) of Rule 56 of the Defence of India Rules prohibiting processions in the larger towns of the province but granting exemption to marriage and funeral processions, to processions licensed under Section 31 of the Police Act, and to such customary religious processions as the District Magistrate may find deserving of this concession.

There will be no interference with customary religious processions unless with due regard to the interests of the public tranquillity, the District Magistrate finds such interference necessary.

Other processions will not ordinarily be allowed.—A. P.

Four Arrests At Nagpur

NAGPUR, July 31.

Four persons were arrested under the Defence of India Rules yesterday and produced before a Magistrate and remanded into custody.—A. P.

Thirty Injured: 18 Persons Arrested

CAWNPORE, July 30.

Thirty persons were injured in a clash between two groups of labourers in front of the New Victoria Mills at Gwaltoli this evening. Five of them have been admitted into hospital.

It appears that a quarrel between two labourers led to an exchange of blows whereupon other labourers rushed to the assistance of the two rivals and clash followed between the two parties in which brickbats were used. Supporters on both sides received injuries. Eighteen persons are reported to have been arrested in this connection.—A. P.

NAGPUR ARRESTS

NAGPUR, July 30.

Four persons were arrested under the Defence of India Rules to-day as a sequel to the raising of certain slogans near the City "Kotwali" Buildings.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

A local advertisement reads: "Taj invite you to drop in for all the shows—pick what you will from our famed cruisine—it's all yours."—All except the bill, or with the bill. Incidentally it should read: *"The Taj invites . . ."*

* * * *

A Rumanian Cabinet reshuffle is now imminent, says a Bucharest message. Adolf will then cut the pack.

* * * *

Keep your eyes on the Far East. The Japanese arrests and Lord Halifax's speech are not exactly without meaning. It is reasonable to expect that some developments will shortly follow and Japan will unmask itself as the Eastern danger to democracy.

* * * *

The U.S.A. have accepted the new French Ambassador, nominated by the Petain Government. It looks as if the wrong men are being tried in France. Something has got to happen to the French people if they are to recover from the demoralisation that will set in as a result of the conquest.

* * * *

Gradually I find new and healthey talent creeping in with the Indian Film industry. Vanmala is a new name to the Indian films. I wish, however, the publicity department of her film company would not under her picture put her degrees and diplomas—B.A., B.T. It is as if we read, "Garbo, B.A., LL.B. in Camille."

* * * *

"Daughter of Ind," has certainly got fairly hot criticism from a number of critics. That is the trouble of attempting too much—and I believe more is yet to come.

* * * *

I am told the Bombay Women's Club have again been active and held a dance at the Taj in aid of the War Fund which was a financial success. That's what I like about Bombay women—you start a war, and they'll help to finance it.

* * * *

The trial of French Premiers and Generals is going to be an even greater scandal than that which France witnessed when Drefeus stood in the dock.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

SO, NORTON! I KNEW YOU WERE MIXED UP IN THIS! LET'S SEE WHAT YOU'RE CARRYING —
DON'T BOTHER! IF IT'S A GUN YOU'RE LOOKING FOR — HERE IT IS — AND I HAVE A PERMIT TO CARRY IT! BUT IF YOU TAKE A GOOD LOOK, YOU'LL SEE IT HASN'T BEEN FIRED!
Alfred Andriola 7-15
THAT'S NO PROOF YER INNOCENT! YOU COULD HAVE TOSSED AWAY TH' OTHER ONE!
WHAT I WANT T' KNOW IS WHAT BUSINESS YOU HAVE ON THIS LOT?
JUST LOOKIN 'FOR SOMEONE, CASEY — JUST LOOKIN'! I HAVE AN ACCOUNT TO SQUARE WITH A DOUBLE-CROSSER — MAYBE THE SAME HEEL. YOU'RE LOOKING FOR!
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

ANEY'S SIXTY-FIRST BIRTHDAY

Leaders' Appeal For Purse Fund

NAGPUR. (By Mail).

An appeal has been issued to the public in connection with the celebration of Mr. M. S. Aney's sixty-first birthday, over the signatures of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, Dr. Pattabhi Sotaramaiya, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Bhai Paramanand, Mr. V. D. Savarkar, Mr. Hussainbhai Lalji, Dr. B. S. Moonje, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. N. B. Khare, Mr. N. C. Kelkar, Mr. Akhilchandra Dutta, Sardar Sant Singh, Mr. Narendra Deo, Mr. Achut Patwardhan and other prominent leaders belonging to all shades and schools of thought.

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.